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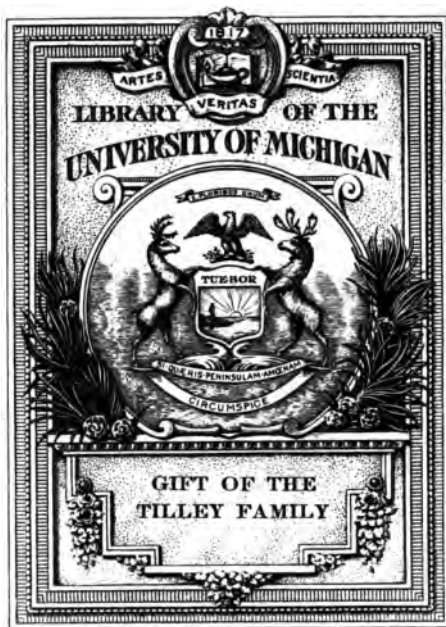
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*H O O L E's*  
**TERMINATIONS**  
**AND EXAMPLES**

To the several Declensions of Nouns and  
Conjugations of Verbs; also,

**LILY's RULES**

FOR THE  
GENDERS of NOUNS

AND  
**HETEROCLITES**

WITH THE  
Preterperfect Tenses and Supines of Verbs;  
Propria quæ Maribus, Quæ Genus, and  
As in Presenti,

Englished and Explained,  
From *TURNER's* late Amendments of *LILY's*  
GRAMMAR.

For the Use of young Grammarians.

---

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( 1 )

# ARTICULI,

*Articuli, five Nota Generum.*

Singulariter.		Masc.	Fœm	Neut.
	Nom.	<i>Hic</i>	<i>Hæc</i>	<i>Hoc</i>
	Gen.	<i>Hujus</i>	<i>Hujus</i>	<i>Hujus</i>
	Dat.	<i>Huic</i>	<i>Huic</i>	<i>Huic</i>
	Acc.	<i>Hunc</i>	<i>Hanc</i>	<i>Hoc</i>
	Voc.	<i>ô</i>	<i>ô</i>	<i>ô</i>
	Abl.	<i>Hoc</i>	<i>Hac</i>	<i>Hoc</i>

Pluraliter.	Nom.	<i>Hi</i>	<i>Hæ</i>	<i>Hæc</i>
	Gen.	<i>Horum</i>	<i>Harum</i>	<i>Horum</i>
	Dat.	<i>His</i>	<i>His</i>	<i>His</i>
	Acc.	<i>Hos</i>	<i>Has</i>	<i>Hæc</i>
	Voc.	<i>ô</i>	<i>ô</i>	<i>ô</i>
	Abl.	<i>His</i>	<i>His</i>	<i>His</i>

## Terminationes quinque Declinationum.

	1	2	3	4	5
Nom.	a	r, us, um	a, c, e, i, l, n, o, r, s, t, x,	us	es
Gen.	e	i	is	us	ei
Dat.	e	o	i	ui	ei
Acc.	am	um	em, im,	um	em
Voc.	a	r, e, um,	a, c, e, i, l, n, o, r, e, t, x,	us	es
Abl.	a	o	e i	u	e

Singulariter,

Pluraliter.

Nom.	e	i a	es a ia	us	es
Gen.	rum	orum	um, ium	um	erum
Dat.	is	is	ibus	bus	ebus
Acc.	as	os a	es a ia	us	es
Voc.	e	i a	es a ia	us	es
Abl.	is	is	ibus	bus	ebus

Exem.

**Exempla primæ Declinationis.**

**1. Masculina.**

Poeta, <i>a Poet.</i>	Athleta, <i>a Wrestler.</i>
Lixa, <i>a Scullian</i>	Bibliopola, <i>a Bookfeller.</i>
Scriba, <i>a Scribe</i>	Cometa, <i>a Comet.</i>
Scurra, <i>a Scoffer.</i>	Oenopola, <i>a Vintner.</i>
Lanista, <i>a Swordsman.</i>	Propheta, <i>a Prophet.</i>

**2. Fœminina.**

Fibula, <i>a Button.</i>	Tinca, <i>a Tench.</i>
Acicula, <i>a Pin.</i>	Perca, <i>a Perch.</i>
Ligula, <i>a Point.</i>	Saga, <i>a Witch.</i>
Rubecula, <i>a Robin red breast.</i>	Plaga, <i>a Stroke.</i>
Merula, <i>a Black-bird.</i>	Virga, <i>a Rod.</i>
	Cavea, <i>a Cage.</i>

**3. Communia Duorum.**

Verna, <i>a Slave.</i>	Transfuga, <i>a Run away.</i>
Agricola, <i>a Husbandman.</i>	Incola, <i>an Inhabitant.</i>
Advena, <i>a Stranger</i>	Conviva, <i>a Guest.</i>
Auriga, <i>a Wagoner.</i>	Homicida, <i>a Manslayer.</i>
Indigena, <i>a Homeling.</i>	

**4. Dubia.**

Talpa, <i>a Mole.</i>	Dama, <i>a Deer.</i>
-----------------------	----------------------

**5. Adjectiva, & Substantiva.**

Bona musa, <i>a good Muse.</i>
Garrula Pica, <i>a chattering Pye.</i>
Furca Ferrea, <i>an Iron Fork.</i>
Lubrica Anguilla, <i>a slippery Eel.</i>
Longa Hasta, <i>a long Pike.</i>
Nova Virga, <i>a new Rod.</i>

## Exempla.

### Exempla secunda Declinationis.

#### 1. Masculina.

Puer, <i>eri, a Boy</i>	Pileus, <i>a Cap</i>
Culter tri, <i>a Knife</i>	Procus, <i>a Wooer</i>
Ager agri, <i>a Field</i>	Sponsus, <i>a Bridegroom</i>
Aper, pri, <i>a Boar</i>	Digitus, <i>a Finger</i>
Armiger, <i>eri, an Esquire</i>	Fungus, <i>a Mushroom</i>

#### 2. Fœminina.

Cerasus, <i>a Cherry tree</i>	Papyrus, <i>Paper</i>
Malus, <i>an Apple tree</i>	Crytallus, <i>Crystal</i>
Pyrus, <i>a Pear tree</i>	Synodus, <i>an assembly</i>
Volemeas, <i>a Warden tree</i>	Byssus, <i>fine Flax</i>
Sorbus, <i>a Service tree</i>	Arctos, <i>Stars called</i> <i>Charles' Wain</i>

#### 3. Neutra.

Pomum, <i>an Apple</i>	Ovum, <i>an Egg</i>
Cerasum, <i>a Cherry</i>	Brachium, <i>an Arm</i>
Pyrum, <i>a Pear</i>	Mentum, <i>a Chin</i>
Prunum, <i>a Plum</i>	Carpentum, <i>a Coach</i>
Mespilum, <i>a Medlar</i>	Scamnum, <i>a Bench</i>

#### 4. Dubia.

Pampinus, <i>a Vine-leaf</i>	Grossus, <i>a green Fig</i>
Paradisus, <i>Paradise</i>	Lecythus <i>an Oil-Glass</i>
Atomus, <i>a mote in the Sun</i>	Phaselus, <i>a Barge</i>

#### 5. Adjectiva & Substantiva.

Bonus Magister, <i>a good Master</i>	
Magnus Liber, <i>a great Book</i>	
Longus Gladius, <i>a long Sword</i>	
Honestus Vir, <i>an honest Man</i>	
Stultum Ingenium, <i>a foolish Wit</i>	
Profundum Pelagus, <i>the deep Sea</i>	Exem-

## Exempla tertiæ Declinationis.

## 1. Masculina.

Sal, fālis, <i>Salt</i>	Crinis, is, <i>Hair</i>
Mugil, Mūgilis, <i>a Mullet</i>	Glis, gliris, <i>a Dormouse</i>
Pecten, pectinis, <i>a Comb</i>	Lapis, idis, <i>a Stone</i>
Delphin, inis, <i>a Dolphin</i>	Flos, flōris, <i>a Flower</i>
Dæmon, onis, <i>a Devil</i>	Nepos, pōtis, <i>a Nephew</i>
Leo ōnis, <i>a Lion,</i>	Heros, rois, <i>a Nobleman</i>
Sermo, ōnis, <i>a Speech</i>	Mus, mūris, <i>a mouse</i>
Brito, ōnis <i>a Briton</i>	Lepus, ōris, <i>a Hare</i>
Nār, naris <i>a Nostril</i>	Arabs, abis, <i>an Arabian</i>
Crater, eris, <i>a Goblet</i>	Æthiops, opis, <i>a Black-moor</i>
Carcer, eris, <i>a Prison</i>	
Color, ōris, <i>Grief</i>	Mons, tis, <i>a great hill</i>
Turtur, ūris, <i>a Turtle</i>	Dens, tis <i>a Tooth</i>
Mas, mārīs, <i>a Male</i>	Thorax, ācis, <i>the Breast or Bulk of one's Body</i>
Gigas, antis, <i>a Giant</i>	Vervex, ēcis, <i>a Wether</i>
Magnes, ētis, <i>a Loadstone</i>	Calix, icis, <i>a Cup</i>
Limes, itis, <i>a Bound</i>	
Pes pēdis, <i>a Foot.</i>	

## 2 Fœminina.

Syndon, onis, <i>fine Linen</i>	Laus, dis, <i>Praise</i>
Hirundo, inis, <i>a Swallow</i>	Trabs, bis, <i>a Beam</i>
Imāgo, inis, <i>an Image.</i>	Hvems, emis, <i>Winter.</i>
Lectio, ōnis, <i>a Lesson</i>	Mens, tis, <i>a Mind</i>
Caro, cārnis, <i>Flesh</i>	Daps, dapis, <i>dainty Meat.</i>
Mater, matris, <i>a Mother</i>	Pus, ris <i>Snivel.</i>
Arbor, ōris, <i>a Tree</i>	Frons, dis, <i>the Leaf of a Tree.</i>
Civitas, ātis, <i>a City</i>	
Sedes, is, <i>a Seat</i>	Ars, tis, <i>a Trade</i>
Abies, ietis, <i>a Fir-tree</i>	Fax, facis, <i>a Torch</i>
Pellis is, <i>a skin</i>	Lex, legis, <i>a law</i>
Capitis, idis, <i>an Head piece</i>	Radix, icis, <i>a Root</i>
Cos, cotis, <i>a whetstone</i>	Vox, vocis, <i>a Voice</i>
Virtus, tūtis, <i>Virtue</i>	Nux, nucis, <i>a Nut</i>

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# Adjectiva & Substantiva diversarum Declinationum.

- 1 **C**ANDIDA 4 Manus *a white Hand*  
 3 Cicur 1 columba, *a tame Pigeon*  
 3 Iners 2 asinus, *a sluggish Ass*  
 2 Gelidus 3 fons, *a Cold Spring*  
 3 Dulce 2 pomum, *a sweet Apple*  
 1 Squalida 5 facies, *a nasty Face*  
 3 Hebes 2 ingenium, *a dull Wit*  
 1 Venusta 3 Venus *a fine Lady*  
 3 Felix 1 sylva, *a fertile Wood*  
 2 Garrulus 3 percontator *a prattling busy-body*  
 3 Auris 1 patula *an open Ear*  
 3 Impubis 1 gena, *a beardless Cheek*  
 3 Mendax 1 forma, *a lying beauty*  
 2 Meus 4 vultus 2 amicus, *my friendly countenance*  
 1 Mea 3 fallax 3 imago, *my deceitful image*  
 1 Meum 2 charum 3 caput, *my dear Head*  
 2 Trepidus }  
   vel } 1 Dama, *a trembling Deer*  
 1 Trepida }  
 2 Malevolus 3 vetus, 1 poeta, *an old cankered Poet.*  
 3 Immanis ac 1 barbara 3 consuetudo, *a cruel and barbarous custom*  
 3 Hilaris 2 festus 5 dies *a merry Holy-day*  
 2 Lucidus & 3 splendens 1 planet, *a light and bright Planet*  
 3 Lucidior & 3 splendidior 1 luna, *the lighter and brighter Moon.*  
 2 Lucidissimus & 2 splendidissimus 3 sol, *the very light and very bright Sun*

Terminationes

( 9 )  
Terminationes Adjectivorum, & Tres Gradus  
Comparationis.

	Doctus	Tener	Dulcis	Felix	Prudens		
Singulariter.	N.	{ us : er, is a, is um. e }		x, ns		ior	mus
						itus	ma mum
	G.	{ i æ, is, i }				ioris	mi mæ mi
	D.	{ o æ, i, o }				iori	mō mæ mō
	A.	{ um em am um e }	em			iorem	mum mam mum
	V.	{ e : er, is a, is um e }		x, ns		ior	me ma mum
Pluraliter	A.	{ o a, o }	e, i			iore, iori,	mō ma mō
	N.	{ i æ es a ia }				iores	mi mæ ma
	G.	{ orum arum orum }	ium, um			iorum	morum marum morum
	D.	is,	ibus			ioribus	mis
	A.	{ os as a }	es ia			iores iora	mōs mas ma
	Voc. ut Nom.						
	A,	is,	ibus			ioribus	mis

## 1. Exemplum Adjectivorum Trium Terminationem.

Singulariter.

	P.	C	S.
N.	M. Doctus	doctior	doctissimus.
	F. Docta	doctior	doctissima
	N. Doctum	doctius	doctissimum.
G.	M. Docti	doctioris	doctissimi
	F. Doctæ	doctioris	doctissimæ.
	N. Docti	doctioris	doctissimi
D.	M. Docto	doctiori	doctissimo
	F. Doctæ	doctiori	doctissimæ
	N. Docto	doctiori	doctissimo
A.	M. Doctum	doctiorem	doctissimum
	F. Doctam	doctiorem	doctissimam
	N. Doctum	doctius	doctissimum
V.	M. Docte	doctior	doctissime
	F. Docta	doctior	doctissima
	N. Doctum	doctius	doctissimum
A.	M. Docto	doctiore vel ri	doctissimo
	F. Docta	doctiore vel ri	doctissima
	N. Docto.	doctiore vel ri	doctissimo

Pluraliter.

N.	M. Docti	doctiores	doctissimi
	F. Doctæ	doctiores	doctissimæ
	N. Docta	doctiora.	doctissima
G.	M. Doctorum	doctiorum	doctissimorum
	F. Doctarum	doctiorum	doctissimarum
	N. Doctorum	doctiorum	doctissimorum
D, M, F. N. Doctis		doctioribus	doctissimis
A.	M. Doctos	doctiores	doctissimos
	F. Doctas	doctiores	doctissimas
	N. Docta	doctiora	doctissima

Voc. ut Nom.

Abi. ut Dat.

## 2. Exemplum.

# Adjectivorum.

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## 1. Exemplum Adjectivorum duarum Terminatorem.

Singulariter.			
	P.	C.	S.
	N. { M. Dulcis	dulcior	dulcissimus
	F. Dulcis	dulcior	dulcissima
	N. Dulce	dulcius	dulcissimum
	G. { M. Dulcis	dulcioris	dulcissimi
	F. Dulcis	dulcioris	dulcissimæ
	N. Dulcis	dulcioris	dulcissimi
	D. { M. Dulci	dulciori	dulcissimo
	F. Dulci	dulciori	dulcissimæ
	N. Dulci	dulciori	dulcissimo
Pluraliter.	A. { M. Dulcem	dulciorem	dulcissimum
	F. Dulcem	dulciorem	dulcissimam
	N. Dulce	dulcius	dulcissimum
	V. { M. Dulcis	dulcior	dulcissime
	F. Dulcis	dulcior	dulcissima
	N. Dulce	dulcius	dulcissimum
	A. { M. Dulci	dulciore vel ri	dulcissimo
	F. Dulci	dulciore vel ri	dulcissima
	N. Dulci	dulciore vel ri	dulcissimo
Pluraliter.	N. { M. Dulces	dulciores	dulcissimi
	F. Dulces	dulciores	dulcissimæ
	N. Dulcia	dulciora	dulcissima
	C. { M. Dulcium	dulciorum	dulcissimorum
	F. Dulcium	dulciorum	dulcissimarum
	N. Dulcium	dulciorum	dulcissimorum
	UM&N. Dulcibus	dulcioribus	dulcissimis
	A. { M. Dulces	dulciores	dulcissimos
	F. Dulces	dulciores	dulcissimas
	N. Dulcia	dulciora	dulcissima

Voc ut Nem.

Ab. ut Dat.

3. *Exemplum Adjectivorum unius Terminationis*

		P.	C.	S.
Singulariter.	N.	M. Felix	Felicior	Felicissimus
		F. Felix	Felicior	Felicissima
		N. Felix	Felicius	Felicissimum
	G.	M. Felicis	Felicioris	Felicissimi
		F. Felicis	Felicioris	Felicissimæ
		N. Felicis	Felicioris	Felissimi
	D.	M. Felici	Feliciori	Felicissimo
		F. Felici	Feliciori	Felicissimæ
		N. Felici	Feliciori	Felicissimo
	A.	M. Felicem	Feliciorem	Felicissimum
		F. Felicem	Feliciorem	Felicissimam
		N. Felix	Felicius	Felicissimum
	V.	M. Felix	Felicior	Felicissime
		F. Felix	Felicior	Felicissima
		N. Felix	Felicius	Felicissimum
	A.	M. Felice i	Feliciore vel ri	Felicissimo
		F. Felice i	Feliciore vel ri	Felicissima
		N. Felice i	Feliciore vel ri	Felicissimo
Pluraliter.	N.	M. Felices	Feliciores	Felicissimi
		F. Felices	Feliciores	Felicissimæ
		N. Felicia	Feliciora	Felicissima
	G.	M. Felicium	Feliciorum	Felicissimorum
		F. Felicium	Feliciorum	Felicissimarum
		N. Felicium	Feliciorum	Felicissimorum
	DMEN Felicibus Felicioribus Felicissimis			
	A.	M. Felices	Feliciores	Felicissimos
		F. Felices	Feliciores	Felicissimas
		N. Felicia	Feliciora	Felicissima

*Acc. ut Nom.**Abi. ut. Dat.*

Terminations

# Terminationes Verborum in O

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## Terminationes Verborum in O secundum Conjugationes.

### Modus Indicativus.

Persona	1	2	3	1	2	3
Am.	1 o	as	at	amus	atis	ant
Præ- sens	Doc. 2 eo	es	et	emus	etis	ent
Leg.	3 o	is	it	imus	itis	unt
Aud.	4 io	is	is	imus	itis	iunt
Im- per- fectū	1 abam 2 ebam 3 ebam 4 iebam	bas bat		bamus batis bant		
Per- fectū	1 avi 2 ui 3 i 4 ivi	isti it		imus istis erunt ere		
Pluf. quā- per- fectū	1 averam 2 ueram 3 eram 4 iveram	ras rat		ramus ratis rant		
Fu- tur.	1 abo 2 ebo 3 am 4 iam	bis bit es et		bimus bitis bunt emus etis ent		

### Modus Imperativus

Præ- sens	1 a 2 ato 3 e 4 i ito	et ato cat eto at ito iat ito	emus camus amus iamus	ate atote ete etote ite itote ite itote	ent anto cant ento ant unto iant iunt Pot
--------------	-----------------------------------	--	--------------------------------	--	---

Præ- sens	1icm	}	es	et	emus	etis	ent
	2eam		as	atamus	atis	ant	
	3am						
	4iam						
Im- perf.	1arem	}	res	retremus	retis	rent	
	2erem						
	3erem						
	4irem						
Per- fectū	1averim	}	ris	ritrimus	ritis	rint	
	2uerim						
	3erim						
	4iverim						
Pluf- quā perf.	1aviffem	}	fes	fetfemus.	fetis	fent	
	2uiffem						
	3iffem						
	4iviffem						
Fu- turū	1avero	}	ris	ritrimus	ritis	rint	
	2uero						
	3ero						
	4ivero						

*Modus Infinitivus.**Gerundia.*

Præf. & im- perf.	1äre	}	1 2 3 4	andi endi endi iendi	}	do, dum
	2ere					
	3ere					
	4ire					
Prat. & Pluf. perf.	1aviffe	}	1 2 3 4	atum tum um itum	}	u,
	2uiffe					
	3uiffe					
	4iviffe					
Fu- turū	1aturum	}	1 2 3 4	ans ens ens iens	}	aturs urus urus iturus
	2urum					
	3urum					
	4iturum					

Conjuga-

*Exempla Primæ Conjugationis Verborum in O.*

Voco, to call	Spero, to hope
Clamo, to cry out	Pecco, to sin
Ambulo, to walk	Opto, to wish
Claudico, to halt	Nego, to deny
Canto, to sing	Cesso, to loiter
Puto, to think	Cavo, to hollow
Vigilo, to watch	Ligito, to debate
Expecto, to expect	Navigo, to sail
Ægroto, to be sick	Vapulo, to be whipt
Exulo, to be banished.	

*Exempla secundæ Conjugationis.*

Teneo, to hold	Censeo, to think
Timeo, to fear	Monco, to admonish
Studeo, to study	Frigeo, to be cold
Larco, to lie hid	Valeo, to be in health
Taceo, to be silent	Caleo, to be warm

*Exempla Tertie Conjugationis,*

Bibo, to drink	Serpo, to creep	Jacio, to cast
Ico, to strive	Liquo, to leave	Fodio, to dig
Trudo, to thrust	Tero, to wear	Fugio, to shun
Figo, to fasten	Arcesso, to go to	Capio, to take
Veho, to carry	call	Pario, to bring forth
Molo, to grind	Verto, to turn	Quatio, to shake
Fremo, to rear	Solvo, to loose	Statuo, to appoint
Sino, to suffer	Nexo, to knit	

*Exempla Quartæ Conjugationis.*

Dormio, to sleep	Scio, to know
Garrio, to prate	Lascivio, to play the wanton
Impedio, to hinder	Munio, to fence
Custodio, to keep	Mollio, to soften
Servio, to serve	Pipio, to cry peep
Obedio, to obey	Nutrio, to nourish



16 *Terminationes Verborum in Or, secundum quatuor Conjugationes.*

Indicativus Modus.

Præ- sens	1 or	{ aris are }	atur	amur amini antur
	2 cor	{ ēris ēre }	etur	emur emini entur
	3 or	{ ēris ēre }	itur	imur imini untur
	4 ior	{ iris ire }	itur	imur imini iuntur

Im- perf.	1 abar	{ baris bare }	batur	bamur bamini [ bantur
	2 ebar			
	3 ebar			
	4 iebar			

Per- fectū	1 atus	{ sum fui }	{ es fuiſti }	est fuit	i { fumus } estis
	2 us				i { fuimus } fuistis
	3 us				i { sunt fuerunt, fuere }
	4 itus				i { eramus } eratis

Plus- qu. per- fectum	1 atus	{ eram fueram }	{ eras fueras }	{ erat fue- [rat	i { fueramus } fuerat
	2 us				i { erant [ratis
	3 us				i { fuerant
	4 itus				

Fu- turū	abor	{ ēris ere }	itur	imur imini untur
	ebor			
	ar iar	{ ēris ere }	etur	emur emini entur

Imperativus Modus.

Præ- sens	{ are etur }	emur	{ amini entur
	{ ator ator }		{ aminor antor
	{ ēre catur }	eamur	{ emini eantur
	{ ētor ētor }		{ emenor entor
	{ ēre atur }	amur	{ iminor antur
	{ itor itor }		{ imini untur
	{ ire iatur }	iamur	{ imini iantur
	{ itor itor }		{ iminor iuntur

Præ-

# Potentialis Modus.

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Præ. sens	1	er	{ aris are }	atur	{ emur emini entur amur amini antur }
	2	ear			
	3	ar			
	4	iar			
Im- perf.	1	arer	{ ēris ēre }	etur	{ emur emini entur }
	2	ērer			
	3	ērer			
	4	irer			
Per- fect	1	atus	{ sim sis fit fuerim fueris fuerit }		{ simus sitis fuerimus fueritis sint fuerint }
	2	us			
	3	us			
	4	itus			
Pluf. quā Per- fect	1	atus	{ essem esses esset fuissem fuisses fuisset }		{ essemus essetis fuissemus fuissetis essent fuissent }
	2	us			
	3	us			
	4	itus			
Fu- turū	1	atus	{ ero eris erit fuero fueris fuerit }		{ erimus eritis fuerimus fueritis erint fuerint }
	2	us			
	3	us			
	4	itus			

## Infinitivus Modus.

Præf. & im- perf.	1	ari	{ esse fuisse }	us	{ erendus iendus }
	2	eri			
	3	iri			
	4	iri			
Perf. & Pluf. perf	1	atum	{ esse fuisse }	us	{ erendus iendus }
	2	um			
	3	um			
	4	itum			
Fu- turū	1	{ atum iri andum esse }	{ esse fuisse }	us	{ erendus iendus }
	2	{ um iri endum esse }			
	3	{ endum esse itum iri }			
	4	itum iri iendum esse			

Exempl.

*Exempla primæ Conjugationis Verborum in Or.*

Precor, to pray	Rogor, to be asked
Suspikor, to suspect	Turbor, to be troubled
Confabulor, to chat or talk	Vastor, to be wasted
Miror, to wonder	Verberor, to be beaten
Osculor, to kiss	Spolior, to be spoiled
Venor, to hunt	Vocor, to be called
Veneror, to worship	Crucior, to be tormented
Piscor, to fish	Recitor, to be rehearsed
Minor, to threaten	Gravor, to be grieved
Testor to witness.	

*Exempla secundæ Conjugationis.*

Fateor, to confess	Irrideor, to be mocked
Polliceor, to promise	Absterreor, to be affrighted
Vereor, to fear	Moveor, to be moved
Tueor, to defend	Impleor, to be filled
Mereor, to deserve	Misceor, to be mingled
Misereor, to pity	Habeor, to be accounted
Moneor, to be advised.	

*Exempla Tertiæ Conjugationis.*

Sequor, to follow	Opprimor, to be oppressed
Loquor, to speak	Quæror, to be sought
Utor, to use	Extinguor to be quenched
Revertor, to return	Extendor, to be stretched out
Queror, to complain	Illudor, to be mocked
Proficiscor, to go	Deprehendor, to be caught
Labor, to slide	Jungor to be joined
Promittor, to be promised	

*Exempla Quartæ Conjugationis.*

Mentior, to lie	Impedior, to be entangled
Experior, to try	Erudior, to be instructed
Blandior, to fawn upon	Invenior, to be found
Sortior, to cast lots	Punior, to be punished
Ordior, to begin	Redimior, to be adorned
Partior, to divide.	



# LILY'S RULES

FOR THE

GENDERS of NOUNS,

AND

## HETEROCLITES,

WITH THE

Preterperfect Tenses and Supines of Verbs,

OR

Propria quæ Maribus, Quæ Genus and As in  
Præfenti; Englished and explained from TUR-  
NER's late Amendments of LILY'S GRAM-  
MAR.

For the Use of young Grammarians.

---

D U B L I N :

PRINTED BY JOHN GOUGH No. 20. MEATH-  
STREET.

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# Propria quæ Maribus

## EXPLAINED.

The general Rules for proper Names.

1. *Proper Names which are given to Males (or Hes)*  
are of the Masculine Gender, viz.

*Of Gods; as*  
**M**A R S, tis  
Bacchus, chi  
Apollo, inis

*\* These were no  
Gods, but idols  
(or Devils ra-  
ther) worshipped  
as Gods.*

2. *Of men; as*  
Cato, onis  
Virgilius, lii

3. *Of Rivers; as*  
Tybris, is. *Acc. im. Abl. i* Orontes, is. m.

4. *Of months; as*  
October bris, *Abl. i.*

5. *Of winds; as,*  
Libs, bis, *the West South West Wind*  
Notus, ti } *the South Wind*  
Auster tri }

2. *Proper Names which are given to Females (or Shes)*  
are of the Feminine Gender, viz.

1. *Of Goddesses; as,*  
Juno, onis  
Venus, oris

2. *Of Women; as*  
Anna, næ,  
Philo is, otidis.

\_\_\_\_\_

New Words supplied are thus marked †. Words  
disused by *Turner*, thus\*.

So that this Parsing Book will suit either the new  
or old Grammar.

\_\_\_\_\_

# Propria quæ Maribus EXPLAINED.

The general Rules for proper Names.

1. Proper Names which are given to Males (or Hes) are of the Masculine Gender, viz.

Of Gods; as  
**M**ARS, tis  
Bacchus, chi  
Apollo, inis

\* These were no  
Gods, but idol:  
(or Devils ra  
ther) worshipping  
as Gods.

2. Of men; as  
Cato, onis  
Virgilius, lii

3. Of Rivers; as  
Tybris, is. Acc. im. Abl. i Orontes, is. m.

4. Of months; as  
October bris, Abl. i.

5. Of winds; as,  
Libs, bis, the West South West Wind

Notus, ti } the  
Auster tri } the  
2. Proper N

1.  
Juno  
Ver



3. *Of Cities; as*

Elis, idis,

Opus, untis

4. *Of Countries; as*

Græcia, æ.

Persis, idis.

5. *Of Islands; as*

Creta, æ.

Britannia, æ.

Cyprus, pri.

*Yet these proper Names of Cities are excepted,*

- |    |  |  |
|----|--|--|
| 1. | { Sulmo, onis<br>Agragas, antis }              | <i>Of the Masculine Gender</i>             |
| 2. | { Argos, gi.<br>Tibur, uris.<br>Præneste, is } | <i>Of the neuter Gender</i>                |
| 3. | Anxur, uris.                                   | <i>Of both masculine and neuter Gender</i> |

**General Rules for the Genders of common Names.**

1. *All common Names of Trees are of the Feminine Gender, as,*

Alnus, ni, *an Alder tree*Cupressus, fi, *A Cypress-tree*Cedrus, dri, *a Cedar-tree.*



Yet these common Names of Trees are excepted.

1. { a Pinus, ni, & ūs, a wild Pine-tree or as some read  
b Spinus, ni, a Sloe-tree  
Oleaster, tri, a wild Olive tree } Of the Masculine Gender.  
a Pinus, *Mas.* & *Fem.* saith Holioke; *Fem.* heretofore of the Masculine, Calepin.

b. Hic Spinus a Sloe-tree, and Hæc Spina; a Thorn-prickle saith Servius in Virg.

2. { Siler, ěris, an Oser  
Suber, ěris, a Cork tree  
Thus, thūris, a Frankincense-tree  
Robur, ěris an Oak  
Acer, ěris, a Maple } Of the Neuter,

2. These Kinds of common Names are of the Epicene Gender, viz.

1. Of Birds;

Passer, ěris, m, a Sparrow

Hirundo, inis, f. a Swallow

2. Of Beasts; as,

Tigris,\* is f. a Tiger

Vulpes, is f. a Fox

\*Tigris, is, vel

idis

3. Of Fishes; as,

Ostrea, æ. f. an Oyster

Cetus, ti. m. a Whale.

3. † All Nouns that end in um, are of the neuter Gender, as

Londinum, ni, London

Malum, li, an Apple

Eboracum, ci, York

† Except the Name of Men as hic Dynacium, and of Women, as, hæc Glycerium &c. also a few Cities Plants and Gems.

4. E.

4. Every Noun that doth not alter its Termination, is of the neuter Gender; as

N. Fas,  
G. Fas, Right  
D. Fas,

Yet the Genders of common Nouns are better known by the Genitive Case singular, for which there are Three Special Rules.

### The first special Rule for Genders of common Names.

1. A Noun which hath no more Syllables in the Genitive Case singular, than it hath in the Nominative, is of the feminine Gender; as,

1    2		1    2		1    2	
N. Nu-hes	} a cloud	{ Ca-pra	} a she	{ Ca-ro	{ Fleſh
G. Nu-bis		{ Ca-præ		{ Car-nis	

### 1. Exception. Masculine.

Yet these Nouns are of the Masculine Gender; tho' they do not increase in the Genitive Case, viz.

1. Nouns that signify Properties or Offices of men, are of the masculine Gender, if they end in [a] as,

Scriba, æ, a Scribe  
Aſſecta, æ, a Page  
Scurra, æ, a Scoffer

Rabula

*Rabula, æ, a Brawler*

*Lixa, æ, a Scullion*

*Lanista, æ, a fencer*

2. *Nouns that come from the first Declension of the Greek, which end in (as and es) and are made to end in (a) are of the masculine Gender; as,*

*Satrapas, æ. } a Peer*

*Satrapa, æ. }*

*Athletes, æ. } a Wrestler*

*Athleta, æ. }*

*Except Charta,  
Margarita, &c,*

*These Nouns are of the Masculine, viz.*

*Verres, ris, a Boar Pig*

*Natalis, is, a Birth-day*

*Aqualis, is, an Ewer*

3. *Nouns which are compounded of as, affis, are masculine; as,*

*Centuffis, is, an hundred Pound weight*

5. *Likewise these Nouns are Masculine*

*Liēnis, is, the milt or spleen*

*Orbis, is, a round thing*

*Callis, is, a Path way*

*Caulis, is, a Stalk*

*Follis, is, Bellows*

*Collis, is, an Hill*

*Menfis, is, a Month*

*Enfis, is, a Sword*

*Fustis, is, a club*

*Funis, is, a rope*

*†Cenchrus, is, a kind of Serpent*

Panis, is. *Bread*  
 Penis, is, a *Man's Token*  
 Crin's, is, *Hair*  
 Ignis, is, *Fire*  
 Cassis, is, a *net or Toil*  
 Fascis, is, a *Faggot*  
 Torris, is, a *Firebrand*  
 Sentis, is, a *Thorn*  
 Piscis, is, a *Fish*  
 Unguis, is, a *Man's Nail*  
 Vermis, is, a *Worm*  
 Vectis, is, a *Leaver or Bar*  
 Postis, is, a *door post*  
 Axis, is, an *Axle tree*

6. *Lastly all Nouns which end either.*

in  $\begin{cases} a \text{ er,} \\ os \\ b \text{ us,} \end{cases}$  as  $\begin{cases} \text{Venter, tris, a } \textit{Belly} \\ \text{Logos, gi a } \textit{Word} \\ \text{Annus, ni, a } \textit{Year} \end{cases} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \textit{Of the Masculine} \\ \textit{Gender.} \end{array} \right.$

*a Yet Mater, tris, a Mother, is of the Feminine Gender, tho' it end in er.*

*b And these Nouns that end in (us) are of the Feminine Gender, viz.*

Humus, mi. *the Ground*  
 Domus, mi. or ūs. a *House*  
 Alvus, vi. a *Paunch*  
 Colus, li. a *Distaff*  
 Ficus ci, & cūs, a *Fig or Fig tree*  
 Acus, ūs, a *Needle*  
 Porticus, ūs, a *Porch*  
 Tribus, ūs, a *Tribe*  
 Socrus, ūs. a *Mother-in-law*  
 Nurus, ūs, a *Daughter-in-law*

*Manus,*

*Englified and Explained.*

7

Manus ūs, *a Hand,*

Idus, uurni. *the ides of a Month*

Anus, ūs, *an old Woman*

Vanus, ni. *a Van or Corn fare*

*Likewise Greek Words, which change os into us, are of the Feminine Gender; as*

Papyrus, ti. *Paper*

Antidotus, ti. *a Preservative against Poison*

Costus, i, *the Herb costmary*

Diphthongus, gi, *a Diphthong*

Byssus, fi, *fine flax*

Abyssus fi. *a Bottomless Pit*

Crystallus, li. *Chrystal*

Synodus, di. *an Assembly*

Sapphirus ri. *a Sapphire*

Eremus, mi, *a Wilderness*

Arctus, &ti. *Charles-Wain. or Stars called the Bear*

**2. Except. Neuters.**

2. *These Nouns are of the Neuter Gender, tho' they do not increase in the Genitive Case, viz.*

1. *Nouns that end in (e) in the Nominative Case and make (is) in the Genitive Case, are of the Neuter Gender; as,*

Mare, is, *the Sea*

Reto, is. *a Net*

2. *All Nouns that end in (on) and (um) in the Nominative Case singular, are of the Neuter Gender, as,*

Barbiton, ti, *a Lute*

Ovum, vi. *An Egg*

3. *Also these four Nouns are of the Neuter Gender, viz.*

Hippomanes, nis, *a piece of Flesh on a Horse's Forehead*

Cacoethes, is, *an evil custom*

Virus, invariab. *poison*

Pelagus, gi. *the Sea.*

4. *This Noun Vulgus, gi. the common people or mob is both of the Masculine and Neuter Gender, viz.*

### 3. Except. Doubtfuls.

*These Nouns are of the Doubtful Gender, viz.*

Talpa, æ. *a Male*

Dama, æ. *a Fallow deer*

Canalis, is, *a Channel*

\* Halcyonis, is. *a King-fisher*

† Cytisus, i. *Hadder*

† Balanus, i. *Fruit of the Palm-tree*

Finis, is. *an End or Limit*

Clunis, is. *a Buttock*

Penus, ni, or us *Victuals*

Amnis, is. *a River*

Pampinus, ni. *a Vine-leaf*

Corbis, is. *a Twig basket*

Linter, tris, *a Cock boat or Bark*

Torquis, is *a Gold Chain*

Specus, ci or us. *a Den or Cave*

Anguis, is, *a Snake*

Ficus, ci. *a pile in the Fundament, a Disease so called*

Phaselus, li, *a Galliot or Pinnace*

Lecythus, thi. *an Oil Glass or cruse*

Atomus, mi, *a little Mote*

Grossus, fi. *a green Fig*

Harus, ri, *a Watch-tower*

radisus, fi. *Paradise*

\* Halycon is

read of the Feminine Gender, and

seems to belong to

the third special

Rule, and Turner

leaves Halcyonis

out here. Also

restis, is, which

is only read in

the Feminine Gender.

4. Except.

4. Except. Commonis

N. These Nouns are of the Common of two Gender, which increase not in the Genitive Case, viz.

1. Nouns which are Compounds of a Verb, and end in a; as,

Grajugēna, æ, a Grecian born

Agricōla, æ, an Husbandman or Farmer

Advēna, æ, a stranger

compounded of { Graius  
and  
Gigno  
Ager, gri  
and  
Colo.  
Ad  
and  
Venio

2. Likewise these Nouns are of the Common of Two Genders, viz.

Senex, is, an old man or woman

Auriga, æ, a Carter or Charioteer

Verna, æ, a slave by birth

Sodalis, is, a familiar acquaintance

Vates, is, a prophet

Extorris, is, a banished man or woman

Patruelis, is, a Cousin-german by the father's side

Perduellis, is, an open enemy in war

Affinis, is, a Kinsman by marriage

Juvenis, is, a young person

Testis, is, a witness

Civis, is, a Citizen

Canis, is, a dog or bitch

Hostis, is, a declared enemy

## The second special Rule for the Genders of common Names.

1. Nouns that have more Syllables in the Genitive Case than they have in the Nominative Case, are of the Feminine Gender, if the last Syllable save one in the Genitive Case singular be pronounced long or high; as

	1 2 3	
Nom. hæc.	Pi-e-tas	} <i>Godliness.</i>
G. hujus	Pi-e-tā-tis	
	1 2 3 4	
Nom. hæc.	Vir-tus	} <i>Virtue.</i>
G. hujus	Vir-tū-tus	
	1 2	
	1 2 3	

Note, To this Rule also belong all common Nouns of one Syllable increasing in the Genitive Case; tho' the Syllable increasing be sometimes short, (yet it is sharp) as fax, facis.

### 1. Except. Nouns Masculines.

1. These nouns of one Syllable are of the Masculine Gender, though they increase long or high in the Genitive Case, viz.

Sal, sālis, Salt

Sol, sōlis, the Sun

Ren, rēnis, the Kidney

Splen, nis, the Spleen

Car, ris, a Carian, or Man of Caria

Ser,

\* Note Car, Ser, Cres, &c. are rather Nouns proper. Sal, vir, pes, grex, vas, mas, &c, tho' they increase short yet being Monosyllables, their increase is sharp, and they belong to this Exception.



Ser, *ēris*, one of Seres, or a Chinese  
 Vir, *vīri*, a man  
 Vas, *dis*, surety for another's appearance  
 As, *allis*, a pound weight  
 Mas, *māris*, the Male  
 Bes, *beſſis*, eight Ounces  
 Cres, *etis*, one of Crete, or a Cretan  
 Præs, *dis*, a surety in a cause of money  
 Pes, *pēdis*, a Foot  
 Glis, *gliris*, a Dormouse  
 Mos, *mōris*, a Manner  
 Flos, *flōris*, a flower  
 Ros, *roris*, the Dew  
 Tros, *ois*, a Trojan  
 Mus, *mūris*, a Mouse  
 Dens, *tis*, a Tooth  
 Mons, *tis*, a Mountain  
 Pons, *tis*, a Bridge  
 Fons, *tis*, a Fountain  
 Seps, *ēdis*, a Newt or Serpent  
 Gryps, *yphis*, a Griffon  
 Thrax, *ācis*, a Thracian  
 Rex, *rēgis*, a King  
 Grex, *ēgis*, a Flock  
 Phryx, *ygis*, a Phrygian

2. Nouns of more Syllables than one, which end in (n) in the Nominative Case singular are of the Masculine Gender: as

Acarnan, *ānis*, one of Acarnania  
 Lictien, *enis*, a Tetter on the Chin, or Liverwort  
 Delphin, *īnis*, a Dolphin

3. Nouns ending in (o) and signifying a bodily Substance are of the Masculine Gender: as

Leo, *ōnis*, a Lion  
 Curculio, *ōnis*, Weasand or a corn-beetle

Thus thūris, *Frankincense*  
 Jus, jūris, *Law or Right*  
 Crus, crūris, *a Leg.*  
 Pus, pūris, *Filth or matter of a sore*

2. *Nouns of more Syllables, which end.*

in { al } as { Capital, ālis, a Quoif.  
       { ar } { Laquear, aris, the vaulted roof of a House.

3. *This Noun Halec; ēcis, a kind of pickle or herring, is of the neuter Gender; Halex, a kind of Fish, is Feminine.*

### 3. Exception. Doubtfuls.

1. *These Nouns are of the Doubtful Gender, though they increase long in the Genitive Case, viz.*

\*Python; ōnis, *one possessed with a prophesying Spirit*  
 Scrobs, ōris, *a Ditch*

Serpens, tis, *a Serpent*

Bubo, ōnis, *an Owl*

Rudens, entis, *a cable robe*

\*Grus, gravis, *a Crane*

Berdix, cis, *a Partridge*

Lynx, cis, *a spotted Beast or Ounce*

Limax, ācis, *a snail*

Stirp, pis, *the stock of a Tree*

Calx, cis, *the Heel*

\* Python when it signifies, a Serpent, is masculine; when a City is feminine

Dies, Diēi, *a Day, which is of the masculine Gender, only in the plural number.*

4. Except

4. Except. Commons.

4. These Nouns are of the common of two Gender, tho' they increase long in the Genitive Case, viz.

Parens, entis, a Father or Mother.

Auctor, ōris, an Author

Infans, tis, an Infant

Adolēscens, tis, a young man:

\* Dux, dūcis, a captain

Illex, ēgis, a lawless Person

Heres, edis, an Heir

Exlex, lēgis, an outlaw

\* \*Dux and hos increase sharp, but short..

Nouns compounds of frons; as.

Bifrons, tis, one that had a Double Forehead

Custos, ōdis a Keeper

Sus, suis, a Swine

\* Bos, bōvis; an Ox, Bull or Cow

Fur, fūris, a Thief

The third special Rule for the Genders of common Names.

1. If a Noun have more Syllables in the Genitive Case singular, than it hath in the Nominative and the last Syllable save one in the Genitive be short, it is of the Masculine Gender

	1	2	
{	Nom.	San-guis	}
	1	2	3
{	Gen.	San-gui-nis	}

Blood

1. Except

## 1. Exception, Feminines.

1. *Yet these Nouns are of the feminine Gender, tho' they increase short in the Genitive, viz.*

1. *All Nouns of more than two Syllables, which end in*

Do or Go	} and make the Gen. in	{ dīnīs gīnīs }	} as	{ Dulcedo, dīnīs, sweet- ness Compago, gīnīs, a Joint

2. *These Nouns are of the feminine Gender, viz.*

Virgo, gīnīs, a *Maid*

Grando, dīnīs, *Hail*

Fides, ēi, *Faith*

Compes, pēdis, a *Pair of Fetters*

Teges, ētis, a *mat*

Seges, ētis, a *crop of standing corn*

Arbor, ōris, a *tree*

Hyems, ēmis, *winter*

†Chlamys, ŷdis, a *Mantle*

\*Bacchar, aris, *Ladies Glove*, is neuter, Baccharis fem.

Syndon, ōnis, *fine Linen*

Gorgon, ōnis, *put for one of the daughters of Phorcus*

Icon, ōnis, an *Image*

Amazon, ōnis, a *warlike woman of Scythia*

3. *Greek Nouns which end in*

As	} as	{ Lampas, ādis, a <i>Lamp</i> Jaspis, īdis, a <i>Jasper stone</i>
Is,		

*And these two Words in is, viz.*

Cassis, īdis, an *Helmet*

Cuspis, īdis, a *Spear Point*

*As also Pecus, ūdis, cattle*

4. *These*

4. *These Nouns are of the Feminine Gender, viz.*

Forfex, ĩcis, *a pair of Sheers*  
 Pellex ĩcis, *an Harlot to a wedded man*  
 Carex, ĩcis, *Sedge*  
 Supellex, leſtilis, *Household ſtuff*  
*Pl. Hęc Supelleſtilia, n.*  
 Appendix, ĩcis, *an Appendage.*  
 Hiſtrix, ĩcis, *a Porcupine*  
 Coxendix, ĩcis, *an Hip*  
 Fillix, ĩcis, *Fern*

2. *Except. of Neuters.*

1. *These Nouns are of the neuter Gender, though they increase ſhort in the Genitive Caſe.*

1. *All Nouns which ſignify a Thing that hath no Life, and end either in*

a,	} as {	Problema, ätis, <i>a Queſtion propoſed</i>
en,		Omen, inis, <i>a Token of good or bad Luck</i>
ar,		Jubar, äris, <i>a Sun beam</i>
ur,		Jecur, öris, <i>the Liver</i>
us or		Onus, ěris, <i>a Burthen</i>
put,		Occiput, ĩtis, <i>the hinder part of the Head.</i>

*Yet Peſten, ĩnis, a comb and turfur, űris, Bran are of the maſculine Gender.*

2. *These Nouns are of the neuter Gender which end in er, viz.*

Cadaver, ěris, *a dead corps, or carcaſe*  
 Verber, ěris, *a ſtripe*  
 Iter, itiněris. *a Journey* Suber

Suber, ěris, *Cork*

Tuber, ěris, *a Mushroom*

Ůber, ěris, *a Dug or Teat*

Gingiber, ěris, *Ginger*

Lasē, ěris, *the Herb Benjamin, or Benzoin*

Cicer, ěris, *a Vetch*

Piper, ěris, *Pepper*

Papaver, ěris, *a Poppy*

Sifer, ěris, *a Parsnip*

*But for Siler, ěris, an Osier, see Appellativa arborum.*

### 3. Likewise these Nouns of the neuter Gender, viz.

Æquor, ōris, *a smooth Surface (the sea)*

Marmor, ōris, *Marble*

Ador, ōris, *pure wheat*

Pecus, ōris, *great Cattle.*

### 3. Exceptions of Doubtfuls.

#### 1. These Nouns are of the doubtful Gender, though they increase short in the Genitive Case.

Cardo, ĩnis, *an Hinge*

Margo, ġinis, *a Margin or Brink*

Cinis, ěris,

Obex, ĩcis, *a bolt*

Pulvis, ěris, *Dust*

†Cortex, ĩcis *Rind or Bark*

Adeps, ĩpis, *fatness*

Pumex, ĩcis, *a Pumice stone*

Ramex, ĩcis, *Burtness*

Forceps, ĩpis, *a pair of Tongs*

Anas, ātis, *a Duck or Drake*

Imbrex ěcis, *a Gutter-tile*

Culex, ĩcis, *a Gnat*

*Yet these are most commonly used in the masculine Gender, and Ramex, in the feminine.*

Nut

Natrix, icis, *a Water-serpent*

Onyx, ycis, *a precious stone, with its compounds.*

Silex, icis, *a Flint*

#### 4. Exception of Commons:

1. *These Nouns are of the Common of two Gender, tho' they increase short in the genitive Case.*

Vigil, ilis, *a Watchman or centinel*

Pugil, ilis, *a champion*

Exul, ūlis, *a banished Man*

Præful, ūlis, *a Prelate*

Homo, inis, *a man or women*

Nemo, *Dat. nemini, nobody*

Martyr, yris, *a martyr*

Ligur, ūris, *a man of Liguria*

Augur, ūris, *a soothsayer*

Arcas, ādis, *one of Arcadia,*

Antistes, itis, *a chief Priest or Ruler*

Miles, itis, *a Soldier*

Pedes, itis, *a Footman*

Interpres, etis, *an Interpreter*

Comes, itis, *a Companion*

Hospes, tis, *a Guest, or Friend by compact*

Ales, itis, *a great Fowl*

Præses, idis, *a President*

Princeps, ipis, *a Prince*

Aviceps, cūpis, *a Fowler*

Eques, itis, *a Horse-man*

Obses, idis, *a pledge in war, or hostage*

2. *Many other Nouns which are derived of Verbs, are of the common of two Gender; as.*

Conjux, jūgis, *a husband or Wife*

Judex, ĭcis, *a Judge*

Vindex, ĭcis, *an Avenger*

Opifex, ĭcis, *a Workman*

Aruspex, ĭcis, *a soothsayer, by the Entrails of Beasts*

## The Rules for the Gender of Adjectives.

1. R. *Adjectives that have but one Termination alone are of the common of three Genders; as,*

N. Hic, hæc, & hoc felix, *happy*

G. Hujus, felicit

N. Hic, hæc & hoc audax, *bold*

G. Hujus audacis

2. R. *If any Adjective have two Terminations, the first Termination is of the common of two Genders, and the second of the neuter; as.*

N. Hic & hæc omnis, c. 2. & hoc omne, n. *all.*

3. R. *If a Noun Adjective have three divers Endings the first Word shall be of the masculine, the second of the feminine, and the third of the neuter Gender; as,*

Sacer, m. sacra, f. sacrum, n. *sacred*

1. Obs. *There are some Adjective declined with two Articles like Substantives, yet in very deed are Adjectives, and are so used; such are these, viz.*

Pauper, ĕris, *poor*

Puber, ĕris, *ripe of age*

Degener, ĕris, *degenerate*

Uber, ĕris, *plentiful*

*Divæ*



Dives, itis, *rich*  
 Locuples, etis, *wealthy*  
 Sospes, itis, *safe*  
 Comes, itis, *accompanying*  
 Superstes, itis, *surviving*

*Besides some others which you shall find as ye read Authors.*

2. *Obi. These Adjectives would have a certain fashion of declining of their own, i. e. they will have both three Terminations and three Articles, viz.*

Campester, *belonging to the fields, Champaign*  
 Volucer, *swift of wing*  
 Celeber, *famous*  
 Celer, *swift of Foot*  
 Saluber, *wholesome*  
 Pedester, *belonging to a footman*  
 Equester, *belonging to a horseman*  
 Acer, *sharp or tart*  
 Paluster, *belonging to a fen, marshy*  
 Alacer, *cheerful*  
 Sylvester, *belonging to a wood, woody*

*Which be declined thus*

N. Hic celer, m. hæc celeris, & hoc celere, n.  
 or hic & hæc celeris, & hoc celere, c. 3.

G. Hujus celeris

D. Huic celeri

N. Hic acér, hæc acris, hoc acre  
 or hic & hæc acris, & hoc acre c. 3.

G. Hujus acris

D. Huic acrí

*And so for the rest*

# A Synopsis of Propria quæ Maribus

Propria quæ Maribus continetur in it the Rules to know the Gender of Nouns

Substantives	Proper	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Masculines, at Propria quæ, &amp;c.</li> <li>2. Feminines, at Propria Fœmineum, &amp;c.</li> </ol>
Common	General	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3. General of               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Trees, at Appellativa, &amp;c.</li> <li>Birds,</li> <li>Beasts,</li> <li>Fishes,</li> <li>Nouns in um, at Omne quod, &amp;c.</li> </ul> </li> </ol>
Special Rules of Nouns	Common	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>4. Not increasing, at Nomen non crescens, &amp;c. Whence are excepted               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Masculines, at Masculina nomina, &amp;c.</li> <li>Neuters, at Neutrum, nomen, &amp;c.</li> <li>Doubtfuls, at Incerti generis, &amp;c.</li> <li>Commons, at Compositum à verbo, &amp;c.</li> </ul> </li> <li>5. Increasing long, at Nomen crescentis, &amp;c. Whence are excepted               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Masculines at mascula dicuntur, &amp;c.</li> <li>Neuters, at Sunt neutralia, &amp;c.</li> <li>Doubtfuls, at Sunt dubia, hæc, &amp;c.</li> <li>Commons, at Sunt commune, &amp;c.</li> </ul> </li> <li>6. Increasing short, at Nomen, &amp;c. Whence are excepted               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Feminines, at Fœminei generis, &amp;c.</li> <li>Neuters, at Est neutrale, &amp;c.</li> <li>Doubtfuls, at Sunt dubii, &amp;c.</li> <li>Commons, at Communis generis, &amp;c.</li> </ul> </li> </ol>
Adjectives	Regular	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Of three Articles and               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>One Termination, at Adjectiva, &amp;c.</li> <li>Two Terminations, at Sub gemina, &amp;c.</li> <li>Three Terminations, at At sunt tres variant, &amp;c.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Of two Articles only, at At sunt quæ flecti, &amp;c.</li> <li>Of three Terminations and three Articles, at Hæc proprium, &amp;c.</li> </ol>

AN

## I N D E X

Of the NOUNS in

## Propria quæ Maribus,

Shewing a young Learner how to decline them;  
With Figures, also directing to the Page, where-  
in to find the Rule of the Gender.

A.

<b>A</b> Byffus, <i>fi f. a bottomless Pit</i>	Page 7
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Acer, <i>cris n. a Maple-tree</i>	3
Acer, <i>m. acris, f. acre, n. vel acris, m. &amp; f. acre,</i> <i>n. sharp</i>	31
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Ador, <i>ōris, n. wheat</i>	18
Advena, <i>x. c. 2. a Stranger</i>	9
Æquor, <i>ōris, n. the Sea, a smooth Surface.</i>	18
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Natrix, icis, <i>d. g. a water snake</i>	19
Nefrens, tis or dis <i>m. a shoot or weaned Pig</i>	12
Nemo. Gen. caret, <i>Dat. nemini. Acc. em Voc.</i>	
<i>caret. Abl. nemine. plur. caret Nobody</i>	19
Notus, ti, <i>m. the south wind</i>	1
Nubes, is, <i>f. a Cloud</i>	4
Nurus, ri, <i>f. a Daughter-in-law</i>	6
Nycticorax, ācis, <i>m. a Night-raven, or Owl</i>	11
	Obe

# I N D E X.

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O.

<b>O</b> BEX, icis, <i>d, g, a door bolt</i>	Page 18
Obses, idis, <i>c. 2 an Hostage or pledge in war</i>	19
Occiput, itis, <i>n, hinder part of the head</i>	17
October, bris, <i>m. the month October</i>	1
Oleaster, tri, <i>m. a wild olive tree</i>	3
Omen, inis, <i>n, a token of good will or ill Luck</i>	17
Omnis, e, c, 3. <i>All</i>	20
Onus eris, <i>n. a Burthen</i>	17
Onyx, ycis, <i>d, g, an Onyx-stone</i>	19
Opifex, icis, <i>c. 2, a workman</i>	20
Opus, Opuntis, <i>f, the city Opus</i>	2
Orbis, is, <i>m, a round Thing or Globe</i>	5
Oriens, tis <i>m. the east</i>	11
Oroates, is, <i>m, the River Orontes</i>	1
Ostrea, æ, <i>f. an Oyster</i>	3
Os, ossis, <i>n. a bone</i>	13
Os, oris, <i>n, a Mouth</i>	ibid.
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P.

<b>P</b> aluster, <i>m, palustris, f, palustre, n. vel pa-</i>	
<i>lustris, m. &amp; f. stre, n, fenny or marshy</i>	21
Pampinus, ni, <i>d. g a Vinc-leaf</i>	8
Panis, is, <i>m. Bread</i>	6
Papaver, eris, <i>n, a Poppy</i>	18
Papyrus, ri, <i>f. paper</i>	7
Paradifus, ti, <i>d, g, a Paradise</i>	8
Parens, entis, <i>c, 2, a Parent</i>	15
Passer, eris, <i>m, a Sparrow</i>	3
Patruelis, is, <i>c, 2. a Father's Brother's Child, or</i>	
<i>Cousin German</i>	9
Pauper, eris, <i>c. 2. poor</i>	20
Pecus, udis, <i>f. small cattle</i>	16
Pecus, oris, <i>n, great cattle or kine</i>	18
Pecten, inis, <i>n. a comb</i>	17
Pedes, itis, <i>2. a Footman</i>	1

C. 3

Pedest

Pedester, <i>m.</i> pedestris, <i>f.</i> pedestre, <i>n.</i> vel pedestris, <i>m.</i> & <i>f.</i> stre, <i>n.</i> belonging to a Footman	21
Pelagus <i>gi, n, pl.</i> caret, the Sea	8
Pellex, <i>icis, f.</i> a wedded man's Miss	17
*Penis, <i>is, m.</i> a Man's Token	6
Penus, <i>i vel ūs, d, g.</i> all manner of Victuals	8
Perduellis, <i>is, d, g.</i> a Partridge	14
Perſis <i>icis, f.</i> the country Perſia	2
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Volucer, m. cris, f, cte, n. <i>vel volucris, m. &amp; f.</i>	
cre, n. <i>swift</i>	21
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# Q U Æ G E N U S

## E X P L A I N E D.

*These Nouns are called Heteroclites.*

which either { 1. *Change their Gender or Declension*  
2. *Want some Case or Number*  
3. *Have over much in Declining.*

1. **Nouns that do change their Gender and Declension.**

1. *These Nouns are of the Feminine Gender in the singular Number, and of the Neuter, in the plural, viz.*

Pergamus, mi, <i>f. a Citadel of the Trojans, called Pergamus</i>	} Pluraliter	Pergama, orum, n.
Supellex, lectilis, <i>f. houshold-stuff.</i>		Supellectilia, ium

2. *These Nouns are of the Neuter Gender in the singular Number, and of the Masculine and Neuter, in the plural, viz.*

Rastrum, tri, <i>a Rake</i>	} Pluraliter	Rastri & rastra	} orum
Frænum, ni, <i>the bit of a Bridle</i>		Fræni & fræna	
Filum, li, <i>Thread</i>		Fili & fila	
Capistrum, i, <i>an Halter</i>		Capistri & capistra	

3. *These*



3. *These Nouns are of the neuter Gender in the singular Number, and the masculine only in the plural, viz.*  
 Cœlum, li, *Heaven* } Plur. { Cœli, orum  
 Argos, gi, *the City Argos in Greece* } Plur. { Argi, orum

3. *These Nouns are of the neuter Gender in the singular number, and of the feminine in the plural, viz.*

Nundinum, ni, } Plur. { Nundinæ, arum, *the market-day*  
 Epulum, li, } Plur. { Epulæ, arum, *a Banquet*  
 \* Balneum, ei, } Plur. { Balneæ, arum, *Baths.*

\* *Tho' Juvenal hath Balnea, orum, in the plu. number.*

5. *These Nouns are of the masculine Gender in the singular number, and of the neuter in the plural.*

* Mænalus, li, <i>a hill in Arcadia</i>	Pluraliter	Mænala	orum
Dindymus, mi, <i>the hill Dindymus</i>		Dindyma	
Ismarus, ri, <i>a mountain in Thrace</i>		Ismara	
Tartarus, ri, <i>the bottom of hell</i>		Tartara	
Taygetus, ti, <i>a hill in Lacedemonia</i>		Taygeta	
Tænarus, ri, <i>a cape in Iaconia</i>		Tænara	
Mafficus, ci, <i>a hill in Campania</i>		Maffica	
Gargarus, ri, <i>the summit of Ida</i>		Gargara	

\* *These are the names of Places.*

6. *These Nouns are of the masculine Gender in the singular number, and of the masculine and neuter in the plural.*

Sibilus, li, <i>hissing</i>	Pluraliter	Sibili & Ia,	orum
Jocus, ei, <i>sport</i>		Joci & joca	
Locus, ci, <i>a place</i> (pania)		Loci & loca,	
Avernus, ni, <i>a Lake in Cam-</i>		Averni & a	

## 2. Of Nouns that want either Case or Number.

1. *These Nouns are called Aptots. which change no Case; as,*

Fas,	} Gen.	{ Fas, Divine Law	} Nothing
Nil,		{ Nil,	
Nihil,		{ Nihil,	
Inſtar,		{ Inſtar, Likeneſs to proportion	

2. Which end in	{	u. as,	{ Cornu, a Horn
			{ Genu, a Knee
		i. as,	{ Gummi, Gum,
			{ Frugi, thrifty and crafty

3. *These also are Aptots, viz.*

Hoc Tempe, a pleasant vale in Theſſaly

Plu.	{	Hi, hæ,	{ Tot, ſo many
		& hæc,	{ Quot, how many

4. *All Nouns of number from Three to an Hundred are called Aptots; as,*

Plu.	{	Hi, hæ, hæc	{ Quatuor, four
			{ Decem, ten
			{ Quadraginta, forty

2. *These Nouns are called Monoptots, which have but one Case only; as*

Abl. hoc	{	Noctu, by night
		Natu, by birth
		Juſſu, by order or command
		Injuſſu, without bidding
		Aſtu, by craft pl. Acc. Aſtus,
		Promptu, in readineſs
Has	{	Permiſſu, with leave
		inſicias, a denial

3. *These*

13. *There are also many other Feminines which want the plural number; as these,*

Stultitia, æ, *Folly*  
 Invidia, æ, *Envy*  
 Sapientia, æ, *Wisdom*  
 Defidia, æ, *Sloth*

*and many others which you shall find in reading Authors.*

14. *These Nouns of the neuter Gender want the plural number, viz.*

Delicium, cii, *Delight*  
 Senium, ii, *old age*  
 Lethum, thi, *Death*  
 Coenum, ni, *dirt or mud*  
 Salum, li, *the Sea*  
 Baratorum, thri, *Hell, a deep pit*  
 Virus, invariab. *poison*  
 Vitrum, tri, *glass*  
 Viscum, fci, *Bird-lime*  
 Penum, ni, *Virtuals*  
 Justitium, ii, *the Vacation*  
 Nihilum, li, *nothing*  
 Ver, vēris, *the spring*  
 Lac, lactis, *milk*  
 Gluten, ynīs, *glue*  
 † Halec, ēcis, *a Herring or Pickle*  
 Gelu, invar, *frost*  
 Solium, ii, *a throne*  
 Jubar, āris, *the Sun beam*

Delicium  
*makes de-  
 licia, in  
 the plural  
 number.*

Haleces is  
*read of the  
 fem. Gen.  
 in the plur.  
 number,  
 from Halex*

*And if you find any such as these as you read, you may put them in this Rule.*

15. *These Nouns mostly of the masculine Gender want the singular number, viz.*

Manes, ium, *Sprites, Ghosts,*  
 Majores, ōrum, *Ancestors*  
 Cancelli, ōrum, *Lattices*  
 Liberi, ōrum, *Children*  
 Antes, ūm, *the first rank of Vines*  
 †Menses, ūm, *monthly disorders*  
 \*Lendes, dium, *Nits,*  
 Lemūres, rum, *Species*  
 Fasti, orum, *Registers or Annals*  
 Minores, ōrum, *Posterity*  
 Natales, ūm, *the degree of Blood*  
 Penates, ūm, *household Gods*  
 Gabbii, ōrum, *a city of Italy*  
 Locri, ōrum, *Inhabitants of Locris*  
*and many more besides*

\*Lens, lendis,  
*is feminine*

16. *These Nouns of the feminine Gender want the singular number, viz,*

Exuviae, ārum, *a Skin stript off*  
 Phaleræ, ārum, *Horse trappings*  
 \*Grates, Thanks \*Nom. Acc.  
 Manubiae, ārum, *the value of Spoils sold* Voc. only  
 Idus, ūm, *the Ides of a month*  
 Antiae, ārum, *Forelocks*  
 Induciae, ārum, *a Truce*  
 Insidiae, ārum, *Wiles, an Ambush*  
 Minae, ārum, *Threatenings*  
 Exubiae, ārum, *watch and ward*  
 Nonæ, ārum, *the Nones of a month*  
 Nugæ, ārum, *Trifles*  
 Tricæ, ārum, *Threads about Chickens feet, Toys*  
 Calendæ, ārum, *the Calends of a Month*  
Quisquilis

*Quisquilæ, ærum, Sweepings or refuse*  
*Thermæ, ærum, warm baths*  
*Cunæ, ærum, a Cradle*  
*Diræ, ærum, cursings*  
*Exequiæ, ærum, holy days*  
*Inferiæ, ærum, sacrifices for the dead*  
*Primitiæ, ærum, first fruits of the year*  
*Plagæ, ærum, hunters nets*  
*Valvæ, ærum, folding doors*  
*Divitiæ, ærum, Riches*  
*Nuptiæ, ærum a wedding*  
*Lactes, ærum, the small guts*  
*Thebæ, ærum, the city of Thebes*  
*Athenæ, ærum, the city Athens,*  
*and many more names of Places*

17. *These Nouns of the neuter Gender want the singular Number; viz.*

*Moenia, òrum, walls of a city*  
*Tesqua, òrum, craggy places*  
*Præcordia, òrum, the midriff, or Skirts of the belly*  
*Lustra, òrum, dens*  
*Arma, òrum, weapons*  
*Mapalia, òrum, sheds, cottages*  
*Bellaria, òrum, junkets*  
*Munia, òrum, offices or charge*  
*Castra, òrum, tents or camps*  
*Iusta, òrum, sacrifices for the dead, solemnities*  
*Sponsalia, òrum, a contract before marriage*  
*Rostra, òrum, a pulpit*  
*Crepundia, òrum, a rattle*  
*Cunabula, òrum, a cradle*  
*Extæ, òrum, Entrails*

Effata, ōrum, *muttering prayers, oracles*  
 Bacchanalia, ium & ōrum, *Bacchus's feasts.*

### Of Nouns which have over-much.

1. *These Nouns have divers Genders and Terminations*  
 viz.

Tonitrus, us, <i>m.</i>	}	<i>Thunder</i>
Tonitru, indecl. <i>n.</i>		
Clypeus, ei, <i>m.</i>	}	<i>a Buckler</i>
Clypeum, ei, <i>n.</i>		
Baculus, li, <i>m.</i>	}	<i>a Staff</i>
Baculum, li, <i>n.</i>		
Sentus, ūs, <i>m.</i>	}	<i>a Sense</i>
Sensum, ūi, <i>n.</i>		
Tignus, ni, <i>m.</i>	}	<i>Sense or Meaning</i>
Tignum, ni, <i>n.</i>		
Tapētum, ti, <i>n.</i>	}	<i>a Rafter</i>
Tapēte, ētis, <i>n.</i>		
Tapes, ētis, <i>m.</i>	}	<i>Tapestry</i>
Punctus, ti, <i>m.</i>		
Punctum, ti, <i>n.</i>	}	<i>a Point</i>
Sinapi, indecl. <i>n.</i>		
Sinapis, is, <i>f.</i>	}	<i>Mustard</i>
Sinus, ūs, <i>m.</i>		
Sinum, ni, <i>n.</i>	}	<i>a Milk pail</i>
Menda, æ, <i>f.</i>		
Mendum, di, <i>n.</i>	}	<i>a Fault</i>
Viscus, ci, <i>n.</i>		
Viscum, ci, <i>n.</i>	}	<i>Bird-lime</i>
Cornu, indecl. <i>n.</i>		
Cornum, ni, <i>n.</i>	}	<i>a Horn</i>
Cornus, ūs, <i>m.</i>		
		<i>the wing of an Army</i>
		<i>Eventus,</i>

Eventus, ūs, m. } *an. Event or Chance*  
 Eventum, ti, n. }  
*And many such as these you shall find as you read Au-*  
*thors.*

2. *There are some Greek words which make a new Latin,*  
*word in their Accusative, as of*

Panther, ēris, m. a Panther	} <i>cometh</i>	{	Panthēra	} <i>æ</i>
Crater, ōris, a Cup			Cratēra	
Cassis, idis, m. an Helmet			Cassida	
Æther, ēris, m. the Sky			Æthēra	

*These nouns change their nominative Case, but still keep*  
*the same Gender and Signification, viz,*

Gibbus, bi, m.	} <i>a bunch or swelling in</i>
Gibber, ēris, m.	
Cucumis, is, m.	} <i>a Cucumber</i>
Cucumer, ēris,	
Stipis, is, f.	} <i>Hirelings Wages</i>
Stips, pis, f.	
Cinis, ēris, d. g.	} <i>Ashes</i>
Ciner, ēris, d. g.	
Vomer, eris, m.	} <i>a Plough-share</i>
Vomis, ēris, m.	
Scobis, bis, f.	} <i>Saw dust</i>
Scobs, bis, f.	
Pulvis, ēris, d. g.	} <i>Dust</i>
Pulver, ēris, d. g.	
Pubes, is, & ēris, c. 2.	} <i>Ripeness of age</i>
Puber, ēris, c. 2.	

To which you may add words that have both or in  
in the nominative Case; as

Honor, ōris, <i>m.</i>	}	<i>Honour</i>
Honos, ōris, <i>m.</i>		
Labor, ōris, <i>m.</i>	}	<i>Labour</i>
Labos, ōris, <i>m.</i>		
Odor, ōris, <i>m.</i>	}	<i>a Scent</i>
Odos, ōris, <i>m.</i>		
<i>Also add to these</i>		
Apes, is, <i>f.</i>	}	<i>a Bee</i>
Apis, is, <i>f.</i>		
Plebs, ēbis, <i>f.</i>	}	<i>common People</i>
Plebs, ēi, <i>f.</i>		

There are also many names borrowed from the G.  
which admit of a double manner of declining; as

Delphin, inis, m.	}	a Dolphin
Delphinus, ni, m.		
Elephas, antis, m.	}	an Elephant
Elephantus, ti, m.		
Congrus, gri, m.	}	a Conger or Sea-eel
Conger, gri, m.		
Meleagrus, gri, m.	}	These are names of ]
Meleager, gri, m.		
Teucus, cri, m.		
Teucer, cri, m.		

And if you find any such may put them into this K

4. These nouns are of the second and fourth Decl.  
viz.

*Iaurus, ri, & rūs, f. Bay-tree*  
*Quercus, ci, & cūs, f. an Oak*



<b>P</b> inus, ni, & nūs, <i>f. a pine-tree</i>	*Domus hath
<b>F</b> icus, ci, & cūs, <i>f. a fig-tree</i>	not me, mu, in
<b>C</b> olus, li, & lūs, <i>f. a distaff</i>	the sing. nor
<b>P</b> enus, ni & nūs, <i>d. g. Vittuals</i>	mi, mis, in the
<b>C</b> ornus, ni and nūs, <i>f. a dogtree</i>	plur. number.
<b>L</b> acus, ci & cūs, <i>m. a lake</i>	
*Domus, mi, & mūs, <i>f. a house</i>	
though they be not found so in all Cases, you may meet with many such as these.	

5. There are also many adjectives which have too much,  
but especially those which are derived of those substan-  
tives, viz.

**A**rma, arum, *weapons*  
**J**ugum, gi, *a yoke*  
**N**ervus, vi, *a sinew*  
**S**omnus, ni, *sleep*  
**C**livus, vi, *a steep bank*  
**†**Animus, mi, *the mind*  
**L**imus, mi, *mud*  
**C**era, ræ, *wax*  
**F**rænum, ni, *the bitt of a Bridle*  
**B**acillum, li, *a little staff*

which are either of three Terminations, or three arti-  
cles as of

**A**rma, cometh  $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Inermus, a, um,} \\ \text{and} \\ \text{Inermis, me,} \end{array} \right\}$  unweaponed

This word Hilarus, merry, is very seldom read, but  
Hilaris is very common.

Heteroclitics are either

1. Variant

1. *Feminines* in the Singular, and *Neuters* in the plural, at *Hæc Genus*, &c.
2. *Neuters* in the singular, and { *Masculines* and *Neuters* in the plural, at *Dat prior*, &c.  
Only *Masculines* in pl. at *Sed aud.*  
*Feminines* in pl. at *Nundinum*, &c.
- 2 *Masculines* in the singular, and { *Neuters* in the pl. at *Hæc maribus*. Both *Masculine* and *Neuters* in the pl. at *Numerus genus*, &c.

2. Deficient, which want their

1 Case

1. *Aptots*, at *Quæ nullum*, &c.
2. *Monoptots*, at *Esque monoptoton*
3. *Diptots*, at *Sunt Diptota*, &c.
4. *Triptots*, at *Tres quibus*, &c.
5. which want only the { *Nom. & Voc.* at *At tantum*, &c.  
*Dat.* at *Integra vox*, &c.  
*Voc.* at *Quæ referunt*, &c.

2. Number and that either

2. Sing.

Propernames at *Propria cuncta* &c.  
Common { Grain, things delivered by Weight, Herbs, Names of moist Things, at *His frumenta*, &c.

*Masculines*, at *Hesperus*, &c.  
*Feminines*, at *Hæc sunt fæminei*, &c.  
*Neuters*, at *Nec licet his*, &c.

1. Plural

*Masculines*, at *Mascula sunt* &c.  
*Feminines*, at *Hæc sunt fæminei*, &c.  
*Neuters*. at *Rarius hæc*, &c.

3. Redundant which have

1. *Divers Gend. & Declen.* at *Hæc quasi* &c.
2. Which make a new Word of the Accusative Case, at *Sed tibi*, &c.
3. *Twonominative Cases*, at *Vertitur his* &c.
4. *Two Declensions*, at *Hæc simit*, &c.
5. *Adjectives of three Terminations and three Articles*, at *Et quæ luxuriant*, &c.

A N

## I N D E X

Of all the Heteroclite Nouns in

## Q U Æ G E N U S,

With Figures to the Page, where to find  
their Rules.

A.

<b>A</b> Nimus, i, <i>m. the mind</i>	Page 49
Abſinthium, ii, <i>n. pl. caret, Wormwood</i>	41
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Æther, īris, <i>m. pl. caret. the ſky</i>	42, 47
Æthera, ræ, <i>f. pl. caret, the Sky</i>	47
Alter, altera, alterum, <i>Vocat. caret, Another</i>	40
Antes, tium, <i>pl. m. the uttermoſt Ranges of Vines</i>	44
Antia, ōrum, <i>pl. f. Forelocks</i>	ibid.
Apes, apis, <i>f. a Bee</i>	48
Apis, apis, <i>f. a Bee</i>	ibid.
Argos, gi, <i>n. pl. Argi, ōrum, m. the Town Argos,</i>	37
Argentum, ti, <i>n. pl. caret. Silver</i>	41
Arma, armōrum, <i>n. pl. Weapons</i>	45, 49
Aſtu, Abl, <i>n. pl. Acc. aſtus, m, Craft</i>	38
Athenæ, ōrum, <i>pl. f. the City Athens</i>	45
Avernus, ni, <i>m. pl. ni, orum, m &amp; Averno, ōrum,</i> <i>n, the Lake in Italy. now called Lago di Tri-</i> <i>pergola</i>	
Aurum, ri, <i>n. pl. caret, Gold</i>	

D

37  
41  
45

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Cornu

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† Decor, ōris, m, comeliness	41

E,

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 Jstitium, ii, *n*, *Vacation pl, caret*  
 Juventus, tūtis, *f. pl, caret, Youth,*

## L,

**L**ABES, is, *f, pl, Nom, Acc, Voc, Labes, a*  
 Labor, ōris, *m, Labour*  
 Labos, ōris, *m, Labour*  
 Lac, lactis, *n, pl, caret, Milk*  
 Lactes, ium, *f, the small Guts*  
 Lacus, ūs, *m, a Lake*  
 Lælaps, apis, *m, Tempest, a Dogs name*  
 Laurus, ri, & rūs; *f. a Bay-tree*  
 Lemūres; rum, *m, Hobgoblins, Spectres*  
 Lethum, thi, *n, Death*  
 Liberi, ōrum, *m, Children*  
 Limus, mi, *m, pl, caret, Mud*  
 Locus, ci, *m, pl, loci & loca, ōrum, m, & n,*  
 Locri, ōrum, *m, Inhabitants of a Town in It*  
*now culled Gerasi*  
 Lues, is, *f, the Murrain or Rot*  
 Lustra, ōrum, *n, the Lodges or Dens of wild*  
 † Lendes, ium, *pl, Nits,*

## M.

**M**Ænālus, li, *m, pl, ala, ōrum, n, a H*  
*Arcadia*  
 Majōres, um, *m, pl, Ancestors*  
 Manes ium, *m, pl, dead Mens Ghosts, Spri*  
 Manubiæ, ārum, *f, Spoils taken in war*  
 Mapalia, ōrum, *n, pl, Cottages*  
 Mars, tis, *pl, caret, the feigned God of War*  
 Massicus, ci, *m. pl, Massica, ōrum, n, a hi*  
*Italy, now called Montemarso*



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caret, <i>Abl. ine</i> , <i>c. 2</i> <i>pl.</i> caret, <i>Nobody</i>	42
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Nugæ, arum, <i>f</i> . <i>Trifles</i>	44
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PANTH

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# AS IN PRÆSENTI

## EXPLAINED.

I. Rules to know the Preterperfect Tense of simple Verbs of the first Conjugation.

1. If a Verb end in *as*, in the second Person of the present Tense, the preterperfect Tense shall end in *avi*; *as*.

**N**O *nas navi, to swim*  
Vocito, *as, avi, to call often*

1. Except these Verbs, viz.

<i>Pres. Tense</i>	<i>Pret. Tense</i>	<i>Supine</i>	
*Lavo <i>as</i>	<i>lāvi</i>	<i>lōtum, to wash</i>	*Some of these Verbs sometimes have a preterperfect Tense, <i>avi</i> .
Juvo <i>as</i>	<i>juvi</i>	<i>jūtum, to help</i>	
Nexo <i>as</i>	<i>nexui</i>	<i>nexum, to knit</i>	
Seco <i>as</i>	<i>secui</i>	<i>sectum, to cut</i>	
Neco <i>as</i>	<i>necui</i>	<i>nectum, to slay</i>	
Mico, <i>as</i>	<i>micui</i>	<i>sup. caret, to glitter</i>	
Plico <i>as</i>	<i>plicui</i>	<i>plicitum, to fold</i>	
Frico <i>as</i>	<i>fricui</i>	<i>frictum, to rub</i>	
Domō <i>as</i>	<i>domui</i>	<i>domitum, to tame</i>	
Tono <i>as</i>	<i>tonui</i>	<i>tonitum, to thunder</i>	
Sono <i>as</i>	<i>sonui</i>	<i>sonitum, to sound</i>	
Creπο <i>as</i>	<i>crepui</i>	<i>crepitum, to crack</i>	
Veto <i>as</i>	<i>vetui</i>	<i>vetitum, to forbid</i>	
Cubo <i>as</i>	<i>cubui</i>	<i>cubitum, to lie along</i>	
Do <i>das</i>	<i>dēdi</i>	<i>dātum, to give</i>	
to <i>stas</i>	<i>stēti</i>	<i>statum, to stand</i>	

a. Ver

## 2. Verbs of the second Conjugation.

1. If a Verb end in *es*, in the second Person singular of the Present Tense, it will make the first Person of the preterperfect Tense to end in *ui*; as,

*Nigreo, es, nigruui, to wax black*

### 1. Except these Verbs, viz.

Jubeo es	Jussi	jussum, to command
Sorbeo es	{ forbui } { sorpsi }	sorptum, to sup
Mulceo es	mulsi	mulsum, & mulctum to stroke gently
Luceo es	luxi	sup. caret, to shine
Sedeo es	fedi	fessum, to sit
Video es	vidi	visum, to see
Prandeo es	prandi	pransum, to dine
Strideo es	stridi	sup. caret, to scream
Suadeo es	suasi	suasum, to persuade
Rideo es	risi	risum, to laugh
Ardeo es	arsi	arsum, to glow

2. The first Syllable of the preterperfect Tense is doubled in these four Verbs, viz.

Pendeo es	pēpendi	pensum, to hang down
Mordeo, es	momordi	morsum, to bite
Spondeo es	spōspondi	sponsum, to betroth
Tondeo es	totondi	tonsum, to clip

3. If (l) or (r) come before *geo* in the present Tense the preterperfect Tense shall end in *si*; as,

Urgeo es	urssi	ursum to urge
Mulgeo es	{ mulsi } { mulxi }	mulsum mulctum, to milk

Frigeo es	frixi	sup. caret, to be cold.
Lugeo es	lulxi	luctum, to lament
Augeo es	auxi	auctum, to increase

4. *Likewise*

Fleo es	flevi	fletum, to weep
Leo les	levi	letum, to anoint
Deleo es	delevi	defectum, to blot out
Pleo es	plevi	pletum, to fill
Neo es	nevi	netum, to spin
Manco es	manfi	mansum, to tarry
Torqueo es	torfi	{ tortum } { torfum } to wrest
Hæreo es	hæfi	hæsum, to stick

2. *If a Verb end in veo, the preterperfect Tense shall end in vi, as,*

Ferveo es	fervi	sup. caret to be hot
Niveo es	nivi, nixi	sup. caret, to snow
Conniveo es	{ connivi } { connixi }	sup. caret, to wink
Cieo es	civi	citum, to trouble
Vico es	vievi	vietum, to bind



3. Of the preterperfect Tense of Verbs of the third Conjugation.

The preterperfect Tense of Verbs of the third Conjugation, may be known by the ending of the first person of the present Tense; as,

If the present Tense end in	Bo	Bi; as, Lambō, is, Lambi, sup. caret, to lick Except, Scribo, is scripsi, scriptum, to write Nubo, is nupsi, nuptum, to be married Cumbo, is cubui, cubitum, to lie down
	Co	Ci as, Vinco is, vici, victum, to overcome But Parco, is { peperci { to spare { parci { Dico, is, dixi, dictum, to speak Duco, is, duxi, ductum, to lead
The preterperfect Tense shall end in	Do	Di; as Mando, is, mandi, mansum, to eat But Scindo, is, makes scidi, scissum, to cut Findo, is fidi, fissum, to cleave Fundo, is, fudi, fustum, to pour out Tundo, is, tutudi, tunsum, to knock or pound Pendo, is pependi, pensum, to weigh Tendo, is tetendi, tensum, to stretch Pedo is pepedi, peditum, to fart Cado, is, cecidi, casum, to fall Cædo, is, cæcidi, cæsum, to beat And Cedo, is, cessi, cessum, to give place Vado, is, vasi, vasum, to go Rado, is, rasi, rasum, to shave Lædo, is, læsi, læsum, to hurt Ludo, is, lusi, lusum, to play Divido, is, divisi, divisum, to divide Trudo, is, trusi, trusum, to thrust

If the present Tense end in

Go

Lo Ho

The preterperfect Tense shall end in

Mo

Claudo, is clausum, to shut

Plaudo, is plausi, plausum, to clap Hands

Rodo, is, rosi, rosus, to gnaw

Xi: as, Jungo, is, junxi, junctum, to join

But if there be (r) before go, that Verb will make si; as,

Spargo, is sparsi, sparsum, to sprinkle

And Lego, is, makes legi, lectum, to read

Ago is, egi, actum, to do or act

Tango, is, tetigi, tactum, to touch

Pungo, is,  $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{punxi} \\ \text{pupugi} \end{array} \right\}$  punctum, to prick

Frango, is, fregi, fractum, to break

Pango, is, pepigi, pactum, to make a bargain

Pango, is, pegi, pactum, to join

Pango, is, panxi pactum, to sing

Xi; as, Traho, is, traxi, tractum, to draw

Veho, is, vexi, vectum, to carry

Ui: as, Colo, is, colui, cultum, to till or worship

But  $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Psallo} \\ \text{and} \\ \text{Sallo} \end{array} \right\}$  falli, saltum,  $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{to sing} \\ \text{to salt} \end{array} \right\}$ Vello, is,  $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{velli} \\ \text{and} \\ \text{vulsi} \end{array} \right\}$  vulsum, to pluck

Fallo, is, fefelli, falsum, to deceive

Cello, is, ceculi, culsum, to break

Pello, is, pepuli, pulsus, to drive away.

Ui; as, Vomo, is, vomui, vomitum, to vomit

But Emo, is, emi, emptum, to buy

Como, is, compsi, comatum, to deck the Hair

Pron

*Englished and Explained*

67

If the present Tense end in	Po	The Preterperfect Tense shall end in	No	
				Promo, is, prompsi, promptum, <i>to draw out</i> Demo, is, dempsi, demptum, <i>to take away</i> Sumo, is, sumpsi, sumptum, <i>to take</i> Premo, is, pressi, pressum, <i>to press.</i>
				Vi; as, Sino; is, sivi, situm, <i>to suffer</i> Yet Temno, is, tempsti, temptum, <i>to despise</i> Sterno, is, stravi, stratum, <i>to throw down or strew</i> Sperno, is, sprevi, spretum, <i>to despise</i> Lino, is, { levi lini, litum, <i>to daub</i> Cerno, is, crevi, cretum, <i>to see</i> Gigno, is, genui, genitum, <i>to beget</i> Pono, is, posui, positum, <i>to put</i> Cano, is, cecini, cantum, <i>to sing</i>
				Psi; as Scalpo, is, scalpsi, scalptum, <i>to scratch</i> But Rumpo, is, rupi, ruptum, <i>to break</i> Strepo, is, strepui, strepitum, <i>to crackle</i> Crepo, as crepui, crepitum, <i>to crack</i>
				Qui; as, Linquo, is, liqui, lictum, <i>to leave</i> But Coquo, is, coxi coctum, <i>to boil</i>
				Vi; as Sero, is, sevi, satum, <i>to plant</i> But Sero, is, serui, sertum, <i>to lay in order</i> Verro, is, { verri, verfi, } versum, <i>to brush</i> Gero, is, gessi gestum, <i>to bear</i> Quæro, is, quæsi, quæsitum, <i>to seek</i> Tero, is, trivi, tritum, <i>to beat or bruise</i> Curro, is, cucurri, cursum, <i>to run</i> Uro, is, uffi, ustum, <i>to run</i>
				Sivi; as, accersio, is, accersivi, ac- } <i>to go, to call</i> cersum } <i>or send</i> Arcesso, is, arcessivi, arcessitum } <i>to call</i>

If the present Tense end in

To

Eto

Vo

Xco

Sco

The preterperfect Tense shall end in

Incesso, is, incessivi, incessitum, *to attack*  
 Lacesso, is, lacesivi, lacesitum, *to provoke*  
 But Ca- { capeffi, capeffum, } *to take in*  
 pefso, is { capeffivi, capeffitum } *hand*  
 Faceffo, is faceffi, faceffum, *to dispatch*  
 Vifo, is, vifi, vifum, *to visit*  
 Pinso, is pinsui, pistum, *to grind or bake*

Vi; as, Pasco, is, pavi, pastum, *to feed Cattle*  
 But Polco is, poposci, *to require*  
 Disco, is, didici, *to learn*  
 Quinisco, is, quexi, *to nod with the Head.*

Ti; as, Verto, is verti, versum, *to turn*  
 Yet, Sisto, is stiti, statum, *to make to stand*  
 Mitto, is misi, missum, *to send*  
 Peto, is, { petivi } *petitum, to ask*  
 or  
 petii,  
 Sterto, is, stertui, *to snore*  
 Meto, is, metui, messum, *to mow*

Xi; as, Flecto, is, flexi, flexum, *to bend*  
 But Pecto, is, { pexi } *pexum, to comb*  
 pexui  
 Necto, is, { nexui } *nectum, to knit or fasten*  
 nexi.

Vi, as, Volvo, is volvi, volutum, *to roll*  
 Yet Vivo, is, vixi, victum, *to live*

Ui, as, Nexo, is, nexui, nexum, *to bind*  
 Texo, is, texui, texum, *to weave*

If the present Tense end in	Cio	Ci, as, Facio, is feci, factum, to do Jacio, is, jeci, jactum, to cast But Lacio, is (in Composition) lexi, lectum, to allure Specio, is, spexi, spectrum, to behold
	Dio	Di; as, Fodio, is fodi, fossum, to dig
The preterperfect Tense shall end in	Pio	Gi; as, Fugio, is, fugitum, to flee
	Gio	Pi; as, Capio, is, cepi, captum, to take But Cupio, is, cupivi, cupitum, to desire Rapio, is, rapui, raptum, to snatch Sapio, is, { sapui } sapitum, to be wise { sapivi } to savour or taste
Uo	Tio	Ri as, Pario, is peper, partum, to bring forth <sup>young</sup>
	Rio	Ssi; as, Quatio, is, quassi, quassum, to shake
	Uo	Ui; as, Statuo, is, statui; statutum, to erect or determine.
		But Pluo is, { plui } pluitum, to rain
		Struo, is, struxi, structum to build
		Fluo, is, fluxi, fluxum, to flow

*As in Præsenti.*

### f the preterperfect Tense of Verbs of the fourth Conjugation..

*a Verb end in is, in the second Person of the pre-  
Tense, the first person in the prater Tense shall end  
ivi; as,*

fcis	fcivi	fcitum, <i>to know</i>
Venio is	veni	ventum, <i>to come</i>
bio is	campfi	campsum, <i>to exchange</i>
io is	raufi	raufum, <i>to be hoarse</i>
o is	farki	fartum, <i>to stuff</i>
o is	farki	fartum, <i>to patch</i>
o is	fepti	septum, <i>to hedge</i>
o is	fenfi	fenfum, <i>to perceive</i>
io is	fulfi	fultum, <i>to prop</i>
rio is	haufi	haustum, <i>to draw</i>
io is	fanxi	fanctum, <i>to establish</i>
io is	vinxi	vinctum, <i>to bind</i>
o, is	fatui	faltum, <i>to leap</i>
cio is	amieui	amictum, <i>to cloath</i>

**at Cambivi, Sarfivi, Sepivi, Haurivi, Sancivi, Sa-  
Amicivi, are sometimes read.**

**Of the preterperfect Tense of compound Verbs.**

The preterperfect Tense of the compound Verb is the  
me with the preterperfect Tense of the simple Verb ;  
r as,

*deo es* } makes { docui, doctum, to teach  
*deo, e* } { edocui, edoctum, to teach per-  
          *fely*                 1. But

1. But the Syllable which is doubled in the preterperfect Tense of the simple Verb, is not doubled when the Verb is compounded; for though

Spondeo } makes { ipospondi, to promise  
Yet Respondeo } { respondi, to answer

Never- } Præcurro } præcucurri, to run before  
theless } Excurreo } excucurri, to run out  
Repungo } repupugi, to prick again

And the } Do } pessundo, pessundedi, to quash  
Com- } Disco } edisco, edidici, to learn perfectly  
pounds } Sto } præsto, præstiti to make good  
of } Posco } depono, depono to desire much  
double the Syllable in the preterperfect Tense;

2. When plico is compounded with sub, or with a Noun, it makes plicavi in the preterperfect Tense; as,

Supplicio, as, avi, to beseech

Multiplio, as, avi, to multiply

But { Applico, as, to apply  
{ Complico, as, to fold up  
{ Replico, as, to reply or lay open  
{ Explico, as, to declare or unfold } makes ui, or  
avi.

3. Though Oleo, to smell, makes olui, yet every Compound thereof will rather make olevi; as,

Exoleo, exolevi, to be stale

Only { Redoleo, redolui, to give a Savour  
{ Suboleo, subolui, to scent a little

4. All the compounds of Pungo make punxi, except repungo, is, which makes repunxi, and repupugi.

5. *The Compounds of do, when it is of the third Conjugation, make didi not dedi; as;*

† Addo is	addidi	additum, to add
Credo is	credidi	creditum, to believe
Edo is	edidi	editum, to set forth
Dedo is	dedidi	deditum, to yield
Reddo is	reddidi	redditum, to restore
Perdo is	perdidi	perditum, to lose or destroy
Abdo is	abdidi	abditum, to hide
Obdo is	obdidi	obditum, to bolt or set against
Condo is	condidi	conditum, to build
Indo is	indidi	inditum, to put in
Trado is	tradidi	traditum, to deliver
Prodo is	prodidi	proditum, to betray
Vendo is	vendidi	venditum, to sell.

But Abscondo, is, abscondi { absconsum  
and  
absconditum } to hide

6. *The compounds of sto make stiti; as,*

Præsto as præstiti præstitum, to excel

7. *If these Verbs be compounded, they change their first Vowel in all Tenses into e, viz.*

Damno, as, to condemn	1 condemnno to condemn
Lactō as, to suckle	1 allecto, to allure
Sacro as, to dedicate	1 confecro, to consecrate
Fallo is, to deceive	3 refello, is, refelli, refalsum, to gainsay

Arceo, es, to drive away 2 coercco, coercui, coercitum, to restrain

Tractō, as, to handle 1 detrecto, to detract

Defectō, as, to be weary 3 defetifcor, defessus sum to be weary

Part



Partio is 4 to divide	impertio to bestow
Carpo is 3 to crop	decerpo, to pluck off
Patro as 1 to atchieve	perpetro, to commit
Scando is 3 to climb	ascendo, to ascend
Spargo is 3 to sprinkle	dispergo, to disperse
*Pario is 3 to bring forth	reperio, to find

\* All whose Compounds are of the fourth Conjugation, and make the preterperfect Tense to end in perui; as,

Aperio is	aperui	apertum, to open
Operio is	operui	opertum, to cover
Only, { Comperio is	} makes	{ comperi, tum to try
{ Reperio is		{ reperi, tum to find

8. All the Compounds of pasco are declined like the simple Verb; as

Epasco, is epavi, epastum, to eat up
Except { Compesco is, compescui, to pasture together
{ Dispesco is, dispescui to drive from pasture

9. Those Verbs being compounded change the first Vowel in all Tenses into i, viz.

Habeo es to have	2 Cohibeo to restrain
Lateo es to lie hid	2 Deliteo to lurk
Salio is to leap	4 Refilio to leap back
Statuo is to erect	3 Constituo to appoint
Cado is to fall	3 Occido, di, occasum to set
Laedo is to hurt	3 Collido to hit again
*Pango, pegi to join	3 Impingo, pegi, pactum to stumble

Cano

\* Impingo belongs properly to the Rule Hæc si componas ago, &c. and Depango, to fasten to the Ground Oppango, to join, Circumpango, to fasten about, repango, to fasten again, are exceptions.

Cano, is cecini, <i>to sing</i>	3 Concino, concinui, concentum <i>to sing together</i>
Quæro, is <i>to seek</i>	3 Requirō, requisivi, <i>to require</i>
Cædo, is <i>to beat</i>	3 Occido, occidi, occisum <i>to kill</i>
Tango, is <i>to touch</i>	3 Perſtingo, is tigi, tactum <i>to touch through</i>
Egeo, es <i>to want</i>	2 Indigeo, <i>to want greatly.</i>
Teneo, es, <i>to hold</i>	2 Retineo, es, retentum <i>to retain</i>
Taceo, es <i>to hold ones peace</i>	2 Reticeo, es <i>to say nothing</i>
Sapio, is <i>to savor or to be wise</i>	3 Desipio, is <i>to play the fool.</i>
Rapio, is <i>to snatch</i>	3 Eripio, is, ereptum <i>to take away by force</i>

Where note, that the Compounds of Cano, make the preterperfect Tense end in ui; as,

Concino makes concinui, *to sing in concert.*

10. All the Compounds of Placeo, change the first Vowel into i; as

Displiceo, es, displicui, displicitum, *to displease*

Except { Complaceo } *to please well*  
and  
{ Perplaceo } *to please very much*

11. These four Compounds of Maneo, change the first Vowel of the simple Verb into [i] and make their preterperfect Tense in ui; as,

\*Præmineo, es, præminui, } *to excel*  
Emineo, es eminui,

Promineo, es prominui. *to stand out*

Immineo, es imminui, *to hang over*

The rest are like the simple Verb; as, permaneo, es, permanſum.

\*These seem rather derived from the old Verb mine

13 *The Compounds of these Verbs change [a] into [u] viz.*

*Scalpo is	3 Exculpo, to <i>grave</i>
Calco as,	{ 1 Inculco, to <i>tread in</i>
	{ 1 Conculco, to <i>tread upon</i>
Salto as,	1 Refulto, to <i>leap back or rebound</i>

*Exculpo, seems rather to be derived from Sculpo*

14. *These Verbs being compounded cast away a, viz.*

Claudo	{	Occludo, is <i>occlusi, to shut against</i>
to shut.		Excludo, is, <i>exclusi to shut out</i>
Quatio		Percutio, is, <i>percussi, to smite</i>
to shake		Excutio, is, <i>excussi, to shake off</i>
Lavo	{	Proluo, is, <i>prolui, to drench</i>
to wash		Diluo, is, <i>dilui, to wash out</i>

15. *These Verbs do change the first Vowel of the present Tense (and the Tenses formed thereof) into i, but not of the preterperfect Tense, nor of the Tenses formed of it; as from*

Ago, to do, which makes egi	
Exigo, to require, makes exegi, exactum	
Emo, to buy	Perimo, peremi, peremptum, 3
	to <i>destroy</i>
Sedeo, to sit	Confideo confedi, confessum, 2
	to <i>sit together</i>
Rego, to rule	Corrigo, correxi, correctum, 3
	to <i>correct</i>
Frango, to break	Refringo, refrégi, refractum, 3
	to <i>break open</i>
Capio, to take	Incipio, incepti, inceptum, 3
	to <i>begin</i>

Jacio, to cast,	Conjicio, conjeci, conjectum, 3 to cast together
Lacio, to ensnare	Allicio, allexi, allectum, 3 to allure
Specio, to behold	Respicio, respexi, respectum, 3 to look back
Premo, to press	Reprimo, repressi, repressum, 3 to repress
†Pango, to fasten	Impingo, pegi, pactum, to stum- ble

†Depango, oppango, circumpango, and repango, are excepted, but misplaced in the former Editions of Lily, as before mentioned.

Perago, and satago, are also declined like the simple Verb ago; but dego, to live, and cogo, coegi, to compel, cast away the middle Syllable.

So likewise of rego, to rule, are made pergo, to go forward, and iurgo, to arise.

16. The Verb Facio, changeth nothing (except it be compounded with a Preposition) as in

Olfacio, to make to smell } which retain a in facio  
 Calfacio, to make warm }  
 but being compounded with a Preposition, as in inficio,  
 to infect, a is changed into i.

17. If Lego be compounded with re, se, per, præ, sub, or trans, it shall keep the Vowel of the present Tense e, but all the other compounds change e into i, whereof, intelligo, to understand, diligo, to love, and negligo, to neglect, make the preterperfect Tense lexi, all the rest legi.

## 6. Of the Supines of simple Verbs.

N. B. *The Supine may be known by the preterperfect Tense ; as*

<p> <i>If the preterperfect Tense end in</i>  <i>The Supines shall end in</i> </p>	<p> <i>Di</i> </p>	<p> <i>Gi</i> </p>	<p> <i>Bi</i> </p>	<p> <i>Bi</i> </p>
				<p> <i>um; as, Bibo, 3 bibi, bibitum, to drink</i>  <i>atum; as, Vinco 3 vici, victum, to conquer</i>  <i>Ico 3 ici, ictum, to smite</i>  <i>Facio 3 feci, factum, to make</i>  <i>Jacio 3 jeci, jactum, to cast</i>  <i>sum; as, Video, 2 vidi, visum, to see</i>  <i>Yet these Verbs double [ f ] viz.</i>  <i>Pando 3 pandi, passum, to spread out</i>  <i>Sedeo, 2 sedi, sessum, to sit</i>  <i>Scindo 3 scidi, scissum, to cut</i>  <i>Findo 3 fidi, fissum, to cleave</i>  <i>Fodio, 3 fodi, fossum, to dig</i>  <i>N. B. And here you must observe, that Syllable</i>  <i>which is doubled in the preterperfect Tense is</i>  <i>never doubled in the Supine; thus,</i>  <i>Tondeo, 2 totondi, tonsum, to clip</i>  <i>Cædo 3 cæcidi, cæsum, to beat</i>  <i>Cado 3 cecidi, casum, to fall</i>  <i>Tendo, 3 tetendi { tensum } to stretch</i>  <i>{ tentum } or bend</i>  <i>Tundo 3 tutudi, tunsum, to knock</i>  <i>Pedo 3 pepedi, peditum, to fart</i>  <i>Do 1 dedi, datum, to give</i>  <i>atum; as, Lego 3 legi, lectum, to read</i>  <i>Pango 3 { pegi, to join or fasten</i>  <i>{ pepigi, pactum, to covenant</i>  <i>Frango 3 fregi, fractum, to break</i>  <i>E 2 Tango</i> </p>

If the preterperfect Tenſe end in

Si Ri Quo Pi Ni Mi

The Supines ſhall end in

Li

Tango	3 tetigi, tactum, to touch
Ago	3 egi, actum, to do
Pungo	3 pupugi, punctum, to prick
Fugio	3 fugi, fugitum, to flee
	[Salt
ſum, as, Sallo	3 falli, falſum, to ſeaſon with
Pello	3 pepuli, pulſum, to drive away
Cello	3 ceculi, culſum, to break
Fallo	3 feſelli, falſum, to deceive
Vello	3 velli vulſum, to pluck
Fero	2 tuli, latum, to bear
tum; as, Emo	3 emi, emptum, to buy
tum; as, Venio	4 veni, ventum, to come
Cano	3 cecini, cantum, to ſing
tum; as, Capio	3 cepi, captum, to take
Cœpio	3 cœpi cœptum, to begin
Rumpo	3 rupi, ruptum, to break
tum; as, Linquo	3 liqui, liſtum, to leave
ſum; as, Verro,	3 verri, verſum, to bruſh
But Pario	3 peperī, partum, to bring forth
ſum; as, Viſo	3 viſi, viſum, to viſit
Mitto	3 miſi, miſſum, to ſend
Fulcio	4 fulſi, ſultum, to prop
Hautio	4 hauſi, hauſtum, to draw
Farcio	4 farſi, fartum, to patch
Farcio	4 farſi, fartum, to ſtuff
Uro	3 uſſi, uſtum, to burn
Gero	3 geſſi, geſtum, to bear
Torqueo	2 { tortum, } to wreſt
Torſi	2 { torſum, }
Indulgeo	2 { indultum, } to pamper
Indulſi	2 { indultum, }

ptum

If the preterperfect Tense end in

Ui

Vi

Ti

Pr

The Supines shall end in

	ptum; as	Scribo	3	scripsi, scriptum, to write
	But	Cambio	4	campsi, campsum, to exchange
	tum; as	Sto	1	steti, statum, to stand
	Sisto	3	stiti, statum, to make stand	
	But	Verto	3	verti, versum, to turn
	tum; as,	Flo	1	flavi, flatum, to blow
	But	Pasco	3	pavi, pastum, to feed
	Lavo	1	lavi { lotum lautum lavatum }	to wash
	Poto	1	potavi { potum potatum }	to drink
	Faveo	2	favi, fautum, to favour	
	Caveo	2	cavi, cautum, to beware	
	Sero	3	sevi, satum, to sow	
	Lino	3	{ livi lini }	litum, to daub over
	Solvo	3	solvi, solutum, to loose	
	Volvo	3	volvi, volutum, to roll	
	Singultio	4	singultivi, singultum, to sob	
	Væneo	4	vænivi, vænum, to be sold	
	Sepelio	4	sepelivi, sepultum, to bury	
	itum; as,	Domo	1	domui domitum, to tame

Yet every Verb which ends in uo, makes utum in the Supines; as

Only	Exuo	3	exui, exutum, to put off
	Ruo	3	ruui, rutum, to rush
	Seco	1	secui, sectum, to cut
	Neco	1	necui, nectum, to kill
	Frico	1	fricui, frictum, to rub
	Misceo	2	miscui, mistum, to mix
	Amicio	4	amicui, amictum, to cloath
	Toreo	2	torrui, tostum, to roast
	Doceo	2	docui, doctum, to teach
	Teneo	2	tenui, tentum, to hold





7. Of the Supines of compound Verbs.

*The Supine of the compound Verb is the same with that of the simple Verb ; as*

Lego, to read, lectum

Perlego, to read over, perlectum

1. Yet sometimes they alter a Syllable ; for

Tundo, to knock

Pertundo, to bruise

Ruo, to rush

Corruo, to fall together

Salio, to leap,

Defilio, to leap down

Sero, to sow

Infero, to graft

{	makes	3 tunsum
		3 pertusum
		3 ruitum
		3 corrūtum
		4 saltum
		4 defultum
		3 fatum
3 insitum		

2. These Supines change [a] into [e] when they are compounded ; for

Capio, to take

Decipio, to deceive

Facio, to make

Infectio, to infect

Jacio, to cast

Rejicio, to throw back

Rapio, to snatch

Corripio, to catch hold of

Cano, to sing

Concino, to sing in concert

Pario, to bring forth

Reperio, to find

{	makes	3 captum
		3 deceptum
		3 factum
		3 infectum
		3 jactum
		3 rejectum
		3 raptum
		3 correptum
		3 cantum
		3 concentum
		3 partum
4 repertum		

Spargo, to sprinkle	} makes {	3 sparsum
Dispergo to scatter abroad		3 dispersum
+Carpo, to crop		3 carptum
Decerpo, to crop off		3 decerptum
+Farcio, to stuff		4 fartum
Infarcio, to stuff up		4 infertum

3. This Verb Edo, when it is compounded will have  
esum, (and not estum) in the Supines; as,

Exēdo, to gnaw	exēsum
Only Comedo, to eat all	{ comestum comēsum

4. All the compounds of Nosco make notum in the  
Supines; as,

Pernosco, to know thoroughly	3 pernōtum
Except { Cognosco, to know	3 cognitum
{ Agnosco, to acknowledge	3 agnitum

## 2. Of the preterperfect Tense of Verbs in Or.

5. Verbs which end in or, do borrow their preterperfect Tense of the latter Supine, by putting to s and sum vel fui, as legor, from the Supine lectu, makes lectus sum vel fui, I have been read.

But we must observe, that some of these are Deponents, and some Commons, which do feign a Supine, whence the preterperfect Tense may be formed, thus,



Labor,

Labor	3 to slide	lapus	
Patior	3 to suffer (ther)	pallus	
Compatior	3 to suffer toge-	compassus	
Perpetior	3 to endure.	perpeffus	
Fateor	2 to own	faffus	
Confiteor	2 to confefs	confeffus	
Diffiteor	2 to deny	diffeffus	
Gradior	2 to ftep	greffus	
Digredior	3 to ftep afide	digreffus	
Fatifcor	3 to be weary	feffus	
Metior	4 to meafure	menfus	
Utor	3 to ufe	ufus	
Ordior	4 { to weave to begin	{ orditus	
Nitor	3 to endeavour	{ orfus	
Ulcifcor	3 to revenge	{ nifus	
Irafcor	3 to be angry	{ nixus	
Reor	2 to fuppoſe	ultus	
Oblivifcor	3 to forget	iratus	
Fruor	3 to enjoy	ratus	
Mifereor	2 to have mercy	oblitus	
Tueor, tueri,	3 to defend.	{ fructus	
Tuor, tui,	3 to ſec	{ fruitus	
Loquor	3 to ſpeak	miſertus	
Sequor	3 to follow	tuitus, { tutum	
Experior	4 to try (gain	tuitum	
Paciſcor	3 to make a Bar-	locutus	
Nanciſcor	3 to get	fecutus	
Apiſcor	3 to obtain	expertus	
Adipiſcor	3 to get	paſtus	
Queror	3 to complain	nactus	
Profiſcor	3 to go	aptus	
Expergiſcor	3 to awake	adeptus	
		queſtus	
		profeſtus	
		experieſtus	

makes

ſum vel fui

Comminiscor	3 to devise	} makes	{	commentus	} sum vel fui
Nascor	3 to be born			natus	
Morior	3 to die			mortuus	
Orior	4 to arise			ortus	

## 9. Of Verbs that have two preterperfect Tenses.

*These Verbs have two preterperfect Tenses, viz. one of the active and another of the passive Voice.*

Cœno, to sup	1 cœnavi, & cœnatus sum
Juro, to swear	1 juravi, & juratus sum
Poto, to drink	1 potavi, & potus sum
Titubo, to stumble	1 titubavi, vel titubatus sum
*Careo, to want	2 carui, cassus sum
Prandeo, to dine	2 prandi, & pransus sum
*Pateo, to lie open	2 patui, & passus sum
Placeo, to please	2 placui, & placitus sum
Suesco, to accustom	3 suevi, & fuetus sum
Veneo, to be sold	3 venivi, venditus sum
Nubo, to be married } to a Man	3 nupsi, nupta sum
Mereor, to deserve	2 merui, & meritus sum
Libet, it pleaseth	2 libuit, libitum est
Licet, it is lawful	2 licuit, licitum est
Tædet, it irketh	2 tæduit, pertæsum est
Pudet, it shameth	2 puduit, puditum est
Piget, it irketh	2 piguit, pigitum est

\* Passus, rather is derived from pando, and Cassus seems to be an adjective.

\* Turner excepts also venditus and merui.

*These Verbs very seldom, or never, have the Supines.*

Lambo	3 to lack	Satago,	3 to be busy
Mico	1 to glitter	Psallo	3 to sing on an instrument
Rudo	3 to bray like an Ass	Volo	3 to be willing
Scabo	3 to claw	Nolo	3 to be unwilling
Parco	3 to spare		
Dispesco	3 to drive from Pasture	Malo	3 to be more willing
Posco	3 to require	Tremo.	3 to tremble
Disco	3 to learn	Strideo	2 to scream
Compesco	3 to pasture together or restrain	Strido	3 to crackle
		*Annuo	3 to grant
Quinisco	3 to nod	Flaveo	2 to be yellow
Dego	3 to live	Lineo	2 to be black and blue
Ango	3 to throttle or vex.	Avco	2 to covet
		Paveo	2 to fear or dread
Sugo	3 to suck		
Lingo	3 to lick	Conniveo	2 to wink
Ningo	3 to snow	Ferveo	2 to be hot

*The Compounds of Nuq, to uod; as,*

Renuo 3 to refuse

*And the Compounds of Cado, to fall; as*

*Except* { *Incido, to happen.*  
*Occido, to fall down*  
*and*  
*Recido, to fall back.* } *which make* { *occafus*  
*&*  
*recafus* }

	<i>makes</i>	<i>of</i>
Fero, fers; to bear	tuli,	tulo, to bear
Sisto, to make to stand	stiti,	sto, to stand
Furo, to rave	insanivi,	insanio, to be mad
Vescor, to eat	pastus, sum	pascor, to be fed
Medeor, to heal	medicatus sum,	medicor, to cure
Liquor, to be melted	liquefactus,	liquefio to be melted
Reminiscor, to re-member	recordatus sum,	recordor, to call (to mind)

## 12. Of Verbs which want their preterperfect Tense.

*These Verbs want their preterperfect Tense, viz.*

Ambigo, is	3 to be in doubt
Vergo, is	3 to bend
Glistico, is	3 to desire earnestly
Fatisco, is	3 to gape
Polleo es	2 to be able
Nideo, es	2 to shine

2. *Verbs inceptive, i. e. that signify a Beginning; as,*

Puerasco. 3. to wax towards Childhood.

3. *All Passives whose Actives want the Supines; as,*

Metuor	3	} to be feared
Timeor	2	

4. *All Meditatives, i. e. which signify a Desire; as,*

Miscurio,	4 to desire to piss
Scripturio,	4 to desire to write

~~Except~~ Parturio, to be toward Labour, parturivi

Esurio, to wax hungry, esurivi

## A Synopsis of As in Præsentî.

As in Præsentî containeth Rules whereby to find out	The preterperfect Tense	Of Verbs	in O	Simple of the	1 2 3 4	Conjugation at	As } in Præsen- Es } ti, &c. Tertia præteri- tum, &c. Quarta, dat is ivi, &c.
The Supines							5. Compound, at Præteritum, dat idem, &c.  6. Simple, at Nunc ex præterito, &c.  7. Compound, at Compositum ut, &c.  8. in Or, at Verba in Or, &c.

To these are added,

- Rules of Verbs that
- 9. Have two preterperfect Tenses, at Præteritum, Activæ, &c.
  - 10. Are Neuters Passives, at Neutropassivum, sic præteritum, &c.
  - 11. Borrow their preterperfect Tenses, Quædam, præteritum, &c.
  - 12. Want their preterperfect Tenses, Præteritum, fugiunt, &c.
  - 13. Seldom have Supines, at Hæc ratio nunquam, &c.

Respuo,	3 to refuse	Frigeo; 2 to be cold
Linquo,	3 to leave	Calveo, 2 to be bald
Luo,	3 to pay or suffer Punishment	Sterto, 3 to snore
Metuo,	3 to fear	Timeo, 2 to fear
Cluo,	3 to glister or be famous	Luceo, 2 to shine
		*Arceo, 2 to drive away

*\*Whose compounds make erciturum*

*So the compounds of Gruo, to crinkle as a Crane; as,*

Ingruo, 3 to invade

*And whatsoever Verbs Neuter of the second Conjugation  
make ui, except these*

Oleo, to smell

Doleo, to grieve or be in pain

Placeo, to please

Taceo, to hold one's peace

Pareo, to obey

Careo, to want or be without

Noceo, to hurt

\*Pateo, to lie open

Lateo, to lie hid

Valeo, to be in Health

Caleo, to be warm

†Jaceo, to lie down

*For they will have the Supines.*

*Synopsis*



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**Medicor**, aris vel are, medicatus sum vel fui, medic-  
ari andi, do, dum, medicatum, u, medicans me-  
caturus, *to heal*,

**Meo** is, minxi, meire, iendi, do, dum, mixtum  
meiens, *to mix*

- Mereor**, ēris vel ere, merui, meritus sum vel fui, merēri, endi, do, dum, meritum, u, merens, meriturus *to deserve* 84.  
**Metō**, is, messui, metēre, tendi, do, dum, messum, u, metens, messurus, *to mow* 68, 80.  
**Metior**, īris vel īre, mensus sum vel fui, metīre, tien-di, do, dum, mensura, u, metiens, metiturus, metitus, metiendus, *to measure* 83.  
**Metuo**, is, metui, metuēre, endi, do, dum, (Supinis caret) metuens *to fear* 88.  
**Metuor**, ēris vel ēre (Præterito caret) metui, metuendus, *to be feared* 86.  
**Mico**, as, ui, āre, andi, do, dum, (Supinis caret) micans, *to shine* 62, 87.  
**Micturio**, is, (caret Præterito) īre, iendi, do, dum, (Supinis caret) micturiens, *to desire to piss* 86.  
**Mingo**, is, minxi, ēre, endi, do, dum, mictum, u, mingens, micturus *to piss* 80, 85.  
**Misceo**, es, cui, ēre, endi, do, dum, mistum, u, miscens, misturus, *to mingle* 79.  
**Misereor**, ēris vel ēre, misertus sum vel fui, reri, endi, do, dum, misertum, u, miserens, misertus, miserturus, *to pity* 83.  
**Mitto**, is, misi, ēre, endi, do, dum, missum, u, mittens, missurus *to send* 68, 78.  
**Mœreo**, es, mœstus sum vel fui, mœtōre, mœrendi, do, dum, (Supinis caret) mœrens *to be sad* 85.  
**Mordeo**, es, momordi, ēre, endi, do, dum, morsum, u, mordens, morsurus, *to bite* 63.  
**Morior**, ēris vel ēre mortuus sum vel fui, mori, iendi, do, dum, (Supinis caret) moriens, mortuus, moriendus, moriturus, *to die* 84.  
**Mulceo**, es, mulsi, cēre, cendi, do, dum, mulsam, u, mulcens, mulsurus, *to assuage* 63.  
**Mulgeo**, es, mulsi, & mulxi, ēre, endi, do, dum, mulsam, u, mulgens, mulcturus, *to milk* ibid.  
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Multiplico, as, avi, āre, andi, do, dum, atum, u, ans,  
aturus, *to multiply* 71

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**N**anciscor, ēris vel ēre, nactus sum vel fui, nanciscisci, endi, do, dum, nactum, u, nanciscens, nactusurus, *to obtain* 83

Nascor, ēris vel ēre, natus sum vel fui, nasci, endi, do, dum, natum, u, nascens, natus, nasciturus, *to be born* 84

Nēco, as, ui, necāre, andi, do, dum, nectum, u, necans, necturus, *to kill* 62, 79

Necto, is, nexi vel nexui, nectere, endi, do, dum, nectum, u, nectens, nexurus, *to knit* 68

Negligo, is, lēxi, ēre, endi, do, dum, neglectum, u, negligens, neglecturus, *to neglect* 75

Neo, nes, nevi ēre, endi, do, dum, netum, u, nens, neturus, *to spin* 64

Nexo, as, ui, āre, andi, do, dum, nexum, nexans, nexurus, *to knit* 62, 80

Nexo, is, xui, ēre, endi, endo, endum, nexum, nexi, nexens, nexurus, *to bind* 68

Nideo, es, (Præterito caret,) ēre, endi, do, dum, (Supinis caret) nidens, *to shine* 86

Nigreo, es, ui, ēre, endi, do, dum, (Supinis caret) nigrens, *to wax black* 62

Ningo, is, ninxi, gēre, gendi, do, dum, (Supinis caret) ningens, *to snow* 87

Nitor, ēris vel ēre, nifus vel nixus sum vel fui, niti, endi do, dum, sum, u, vel-xum, u, nitens, nifurus vel-nixurus, *to endeavour* 83

Niveo, es, nivi, ēre endi, do, dum, (Supinis caret) nivens, *to wink* 64

No, nas, navi, nāre, nandi, do, dum, natum, u, nans, naturus, *to swim* 62

Noceo, es, nocui, nocēre, endi, do, dum, nocitum, nocens, nociturus, *to hurt* N

Nolo, nonvis, nolui, nolle, nolendi, do, dum, (Sup-  
nis caret) nolens, *to be unwilling* Page 87

Nosco, is, novi, ěre, endi, do, dum, notum, u, nos-  
cens, noturus, *to know* 82

Nubo, is, nupsi & nupta sum vel fui, nuběre, nuběn-  
di, do, dum, nuptum, u, nubens, nupturus, *to be*  
*married to a man.* 65, 84

O.

**O**BDO, is, didi, děre, dendi, do, dum, obditum,  
u, obdens, obditurus, *to oppose or bolt against*

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Obliviscor, ěris vel ěre, oblitus sum vel, fui, sci, endi,  
do, dum, oblitum, u, obliviscens, oblitus, obli-  
turus, obliviscendus, *to forget* 83

Occido, is, occidi, děre, endi, do, dum, occasum, u,  
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Occido, is, occidi, děre, endi, do, dum, occisum, u, oc-  
cidens occisurus, *to kill* 74

Ocludo, is, occlusi ěre, endi, do, dum, occlusum,  
u, occludens, occlusurus, *to shut up* 75

Oculo, is, ocului culěre, endi, do, dum, occultum,  
u, occulens, occulturus, *to hide* 80

Oleo, es, olui, ěre, endi, do, dum, olitum, u, olens,  
oliturus *to give a smell* 71 88

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olfaciens, olfacturus, *to smell* 76

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operiens, operturus, *to cover* 73

Oppango, is, oppegi, pangěre, endi, do, dum, pac-  
tum, u, oppangens, oppacturus, *to join unto* 73, 76

Ordior, ěris vel ěre, orfus sum vel fui, děri, iendi, do,  
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*weave* 83

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oriturus, *to rise* 84

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**P**Aciscor, ēris vel ēre pactus sum vel fui, cisci, en-  
di, do, dum, pactum, u, paciscens, pactus, pac-  
turus, paciscendus, *to make a Bargain* 83

Pando, is di, ēre, endi, do, dum, passum, u, pandens,  
passurus, *to open* 77

Pango, is, pepigi, pangere, endi, do, dum, pactum,  
u, pangens, pacturus, *to make a Bargain* 66, 77

Pango, is, pegi, ēre, endi, do, dum, pactum, u, pan-  
gens, pacturus *to join*. 66, 73, 77

Pango, is, panxi, ēre, endi, do dum, (Supinis caret)  
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Parco, is, peperci, parcere, endi, do, dum, (Supinis  
caret,) parcens, *to spare* 65, 87

Pareo, es, ui, ēre, endi, do, dum, itur, u, parens, pa-  
riturus, *to obey*. 88

Pario, paris, peperci, parere, endi, do, dum, partum, u,  
parens parturus, *to bring forth* 69. 73. 78. 81

Partio, is, ivi, ire, iendi, do, dum, partitum u, parti-  
ens, partiturus *to divide* 73

Parturio, is, ivi, ire, iendi, do, dum, parturitum, u,  
iens, iturus, *to be ready to bring forth* 86

Pasco, is, pavi, ēre, endi, do, dum, astum, u, pascens,  
pasturus, *to feed* 62, 79

Pascor, ēris, vel ēre passus sum vel fui, pasci, pastus,  
pascendus, *to be fed* 86

Pateo, es, ui, passus sum vel fui ēre, patendi, do, dum,  
passum, u, patens, passurus, *to lie open* 80. 84. 88

Patior, ēris vel ēre, passus sum vel fui, pati, iendi, do,  
dum, passum, u, patiens, passus, passurus, patien-  
dus, *to suffer*

Patro, as, avi, āre, andi, do dum, patratum, u,  
trans, patraturus, *to commit*

- Paveo, es, vi, ēre, endi, do, dum, [Supinis caret] pavens, *to fear* Page 87
- Pecto, is, pexi, & ui, ctere, endi, do, dum, pexum, u, pectens, pexurus, *to comb* 68, 80
- Pedo, is, pepēdi, ēre, endi, do, dum, peditum, u, pedens, pediturus *to fart* 65, 77
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- Pendeo, es, pependi, ēre, endi, do, dum, pensum, u, pendens, pensurus, *to hang* 63
- Pendo, is, pependi, dēre, endi, do, dum, pensum, u, dens pensurus, *to weigh* 65
- Perago, is, egi, ēre, endi, do, dum peractum, u, peragens, peracturus, *to finish* 76
- Percutio, is, cussi ēre, icndi, do, dum, percussum, u, percutiens, percussurus, *to strike* 75, 85
- Perdo, is, perdidi, perdēre, endi, do, dum, perditum, u perdens perditurus, *to lose* 72
- Pergo, is, perrexi, pergere, endi, do, dum, perrectum, u pergens, perrecturus, *to go forward* 76
- Perimo, is, emi, perimēre, rimendi, do, dum, peremptum, u, perimens, perempturus *to kill* 75
- Perlego, is, perlegi, ēre, endi, do, dum, perlectum, u, perlegens, perlecturus *to read thoroughly* 81
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- Pernoſco, is, novi, pernoſcēre endi, do, dum, pernotum u, pernoſcens, pernoturus, *to know perfectly* 82
- Perpetro, as atī āre, andi, do, dum, perpetratum, u, perpetrans, perpetraturus, *to commit* 73
- Perpetior, eris vel ere, perpeſſus ſum vel, fui, per-peti, perpetiendi, do, dum, perpeſſum, u, perpetiens perpeſſurus, *to suffer* 83
- Perplaceo, es, ui, placere, endi, do, dum, placitum u. *perplaceo* *to please very well* 7

- Præsto, as præstiti, præstare, andi, do, dum, præstitum, u, præstans, præstiturus, *to abide still* Page 71  
 Pertingo, is, pertigi, pertingere, endi, do, dum, pertactum, u, pertingens, pertactus *to touch* 74  
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 Pexo, as pexui, are, andi, do, dum, pexum, u, pexans, pexurus, *to comb* vide pecto 80  
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 Pingo, is, pinsui, pinfere, endi, do, dum, pistum, u, pinsens, pisturus, *to bake* 68, 80  
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 Pluo, is plui, & plui, pluere, endi, do, dum, pluitum, u, pluens, pluiturus, *to rain* 69  
 Polleo, es, (Præterito caret) ere, endi, do, dum (Sapientia caret) pollens, *to be able* 8  
 Pono, nis, posui ere, endi, do, dum, positum tuus, positurus, *to put*

- Posco, is, poposci, poscere, endi, do, dum, (Supinis caret) poscens, *to require* Page 68. 71, 87
- Poto, as, avi, & potus sum vel fui, are, andi, do, dum, potum, u, & potatum, u, potans, poturus, & potaturus, *to drink* 79. 84
- Præcurro, is præcurri, (potius præcucurri) currere, endi, do, dum, præcursum, u, præcurrens, præcursum, *to run before* 71
- Prælego, is, legi, ere, endi, do, dum, prælectum, u) prælegens, prælecturus *to read before* 76
- Præmineo, es, ui, ere, endi do, dum, (Supinis caret) præminens, *to excel others* 74
- Præsto, as, præstiti & præstavi, are, andi, do, dum, præstitum, u, & præstatum, u, præstans, præstiturus, & præstaturus, *to perform* 72
- Prædeo, es, prandi & pransus sum vel fui, ere, endi, do, dum, pransum, u, prædens, pransurus, *to dine* 63, 84
- Premo, is, pressi, ere, endi, do, dum, pressum, u, premens, pressurus *to press* 67. 76
- Prodo, is, prodidi, ere, endi, do, dum, proditum, u, prodens, proditurus, *to betray* 72
- Proficiscor, eris, vel ere, profectus sum vel fui, proficisci, endi, do, dum, profectum, u, proficiscens, profecturus, *to go a Journey* 83
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- Promo, is, prompsi, promere, endi, do, dum, promptum, u, promens, prompturus, *to draw* 67
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- Pudet, pudebat, puduit, & puditum est vel fuit, puduerat, & puditum erat vel fuerat, pudebit, pude-  
re, &c. *it shames* 84
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Quatio, is, quassi, (vel potius concussi) quaterere, iendi,  
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quassurus vel concussurus, *to shake* 69. 75. 85

Queror, ēris vel ēre, questus sum vel fui, queri, que-  
rendi, do, dum questum, u, querens, questurus, *to*  
*complain* 83

Quinisco, is, quexi, quiniscēre, endi, do, dum, (Supi-  
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u, radens, rasurus, *to shave* 65

Rapio, is, rapui, rapēre, rapiendi, do, dum, raptum  
u, rapiens, rapturus, *to snatch* 69. 74. 80. 81

Raucio, is, rausi, raueire, rauciendi, do, dum, (Supi-  
nis caret) rauciens, *to be hoarse* 70

Recido, is, recidi, recidēre, recidendi, do, dum, re-  
casum, u, recidens, recasurus, *to fall backward* 87

Recordor, aris vel āre, recordatus sum vel fui, recor-  
dari, recordandi, do, dum, recordatum, u, recor-  
dans, recordaturus, *to remember* 86

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tum u, reddens, redditurus, *to restore* 72

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dolens, redoliturus, *to cast a strong smell* 71

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falsum, u, refellens, refalsurus, *to disprove* 72

Refringo, is, refregi, ēre, endi, do, dum, refractum,  
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- Rego, is, rexi, regere, regendi, do, dum, rectum u,  
regens, rector, *to rule* 75, 77
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- Reperio, is, reperi, reperire, iendi, do, dum, reperitum  
u, reperiens reperturus *to find* 73, 81
- Replico, as ui, vel, avi, are, andi, do, dum replicatum  
u, replicans, replicaturus, *to reply* 71
- Reprimo, is, repressi ere, endi, do, dum, repressum,  
u, reprimens, repressurus, *to restrain* 76
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tu, iens fulturus, *to leap back* 73
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- Resulto, as, avi, are andi, do, dum, atum u, resultans  
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 u, saliens, salturus *to leap* 70. 73. 80. 84  
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- Scabo, is, scabi, scabere, endi, do, dum, (Supinis caret) scabens, *to scratch* Page 87
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- Scando, is, scandi, ere, endi, do, dum, scansum, u,  
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- Scindo, is, scidi, scindere, endi, do, dum, scissum,  
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- Scripturio, is, ivi, ire, iendi, do, dum, (Supinis caret)  
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